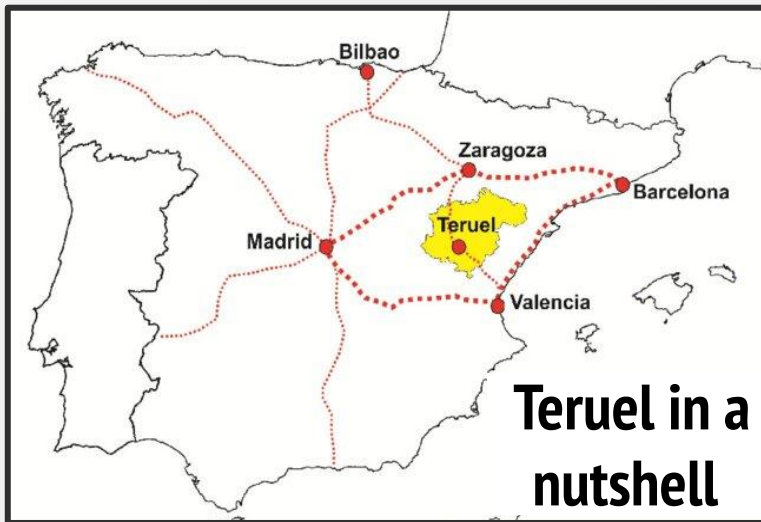


Infrared tracers to study the chemical evolution of galaxies

Juan A. Fernández Ontiveros (CEFCA)
E. Pérez-Montero, B. Pérez-Díaz, J.M. Vílchez (IAA)
R. Amorín (U. La Serena)
L. Spinoglio (INAF-IAPS)

Shedding new light on the first billion years of the Universe
Marseille, 7th July 2023





Observatorio Astrofísico de Javalambre



Centro de
Estudios de
Física del Cosmos
de Aragón

CEFCA







CUANDO LO QUE VES
EN DINÓPOLIS,
ES ÚNICO EN EL MUNDO.

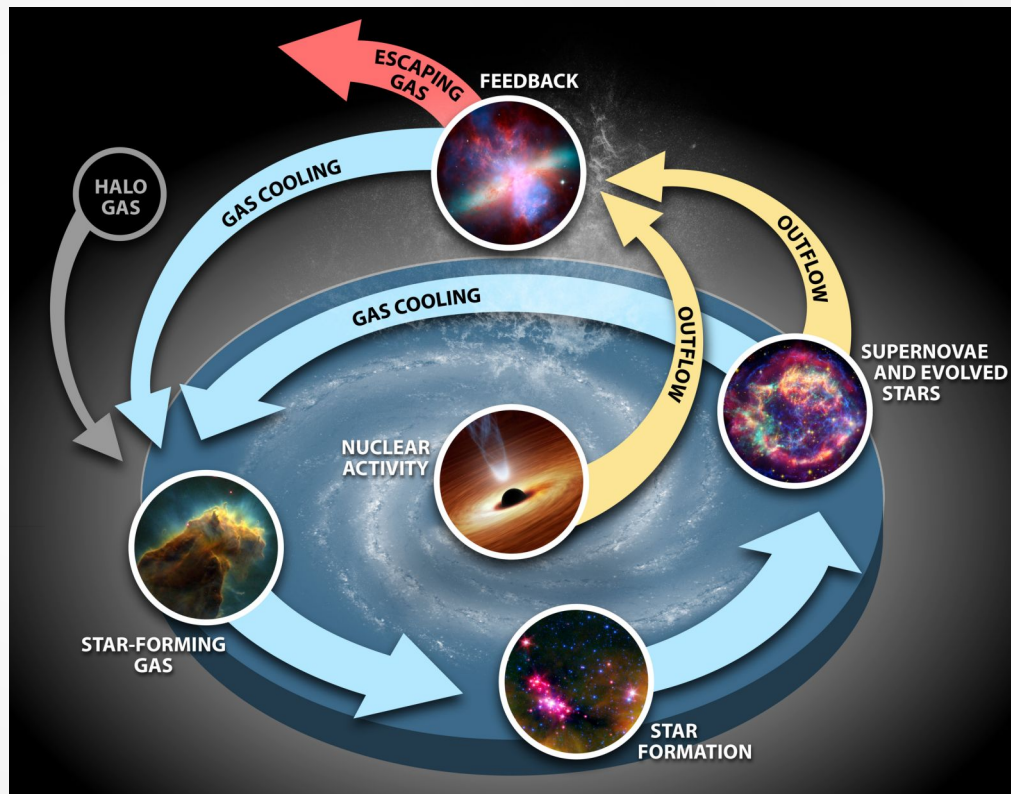
WWW.DINOPOLIS.COM - TEL. 978.617.715



Introduction

Heavy elements (0.02% baryons),
main role from galaxies to planets

ISM witness of **chemical enrichment**
gas and dust content + composition



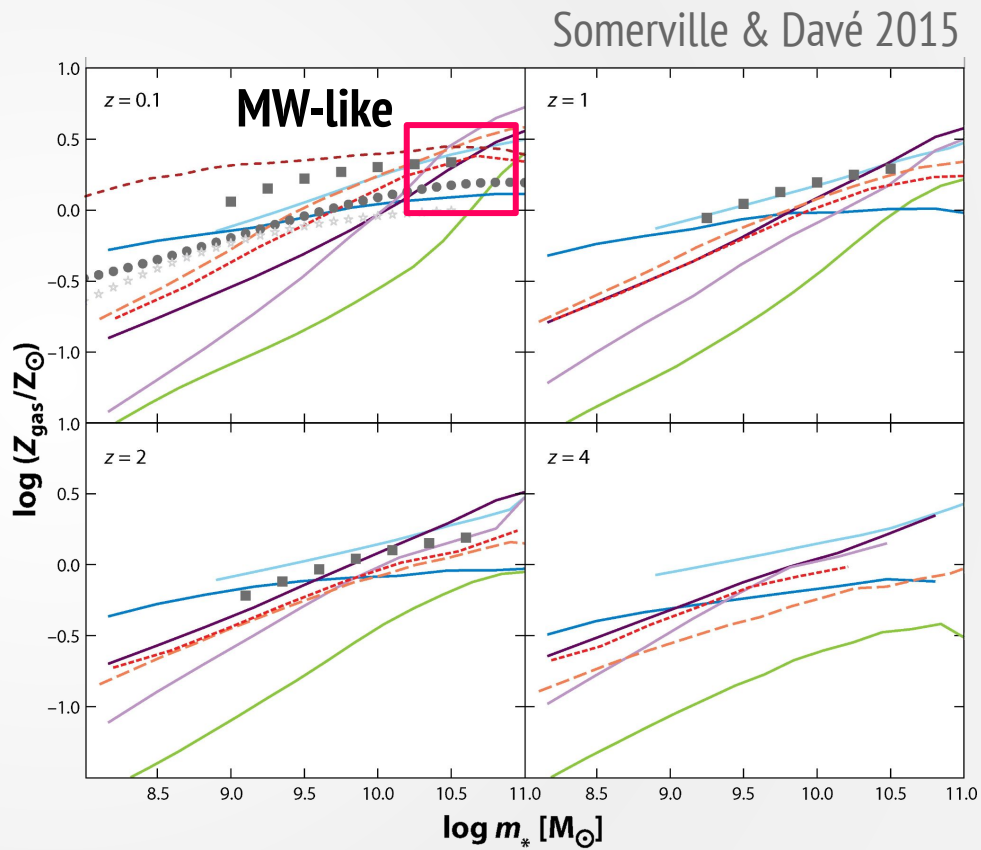
Mass-metallicity relation

Metals & dust production **linked** to M_*

$Z(M_*, \text{SFR}, \dots)$ **→** Models

Z depends on gas **accretion** and **feedback**

Tension with numerical simulations



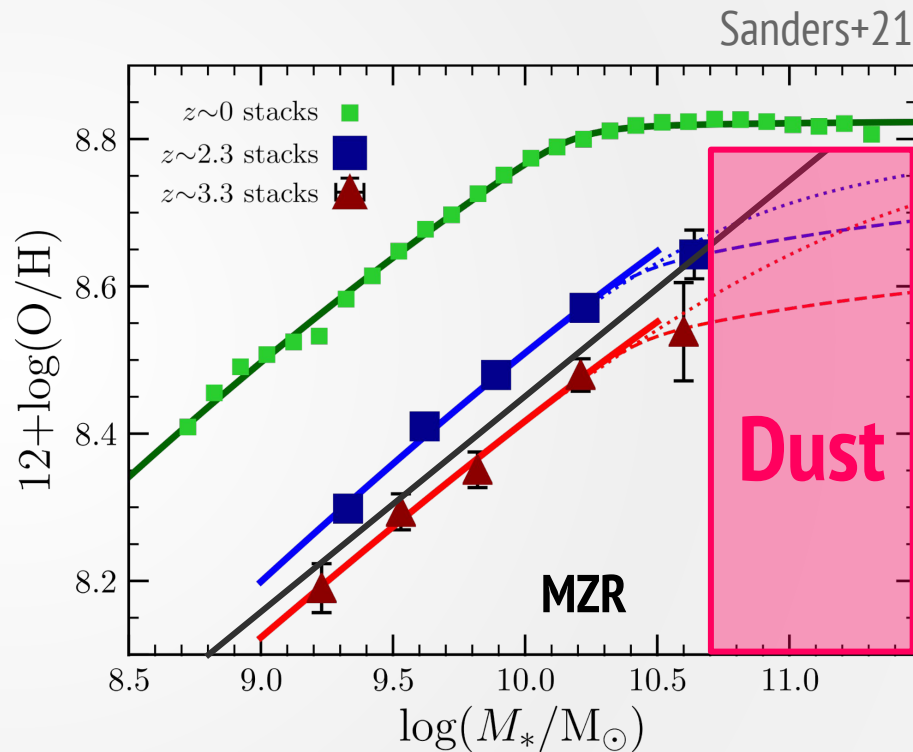
Mass-metallicity relation

Metals & dust production **linked** to M_*

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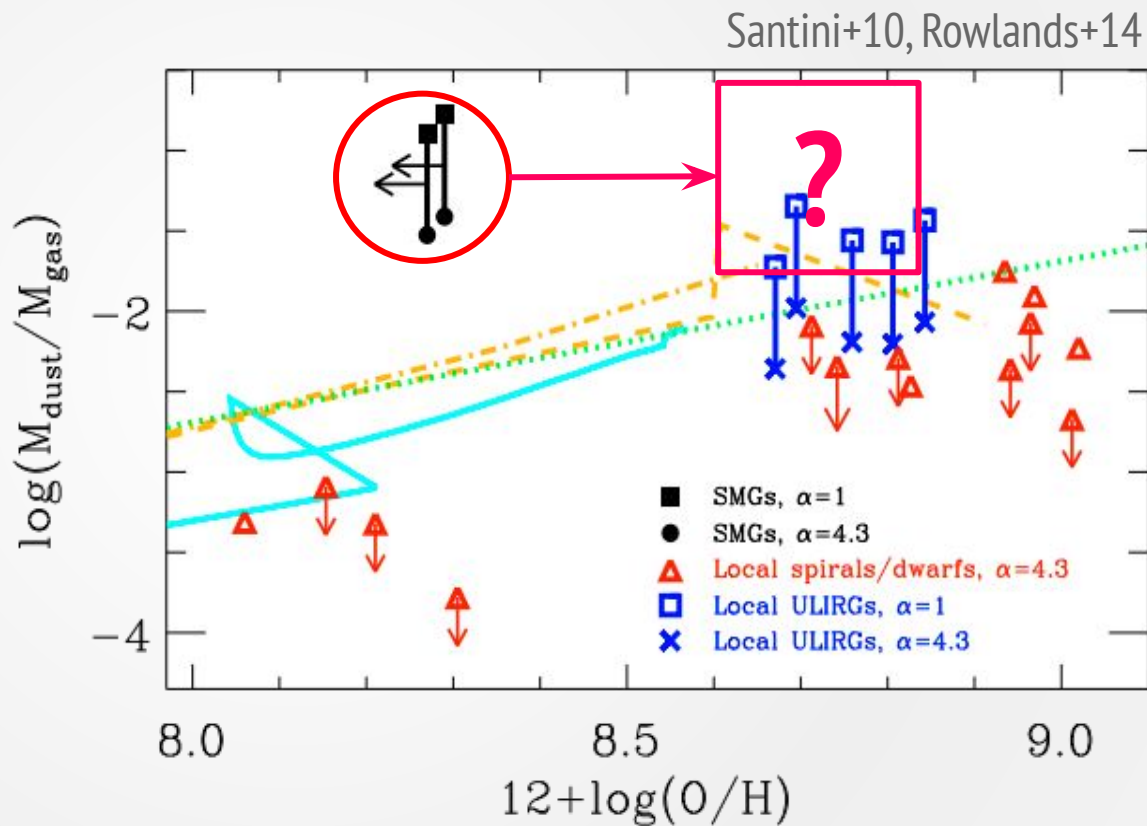
Z depends on gas **accretion** and **feedback**

Tension with numerical simulations


















Dust at high redshift

Low optical metallicities
in dusty **submm. galaxies**

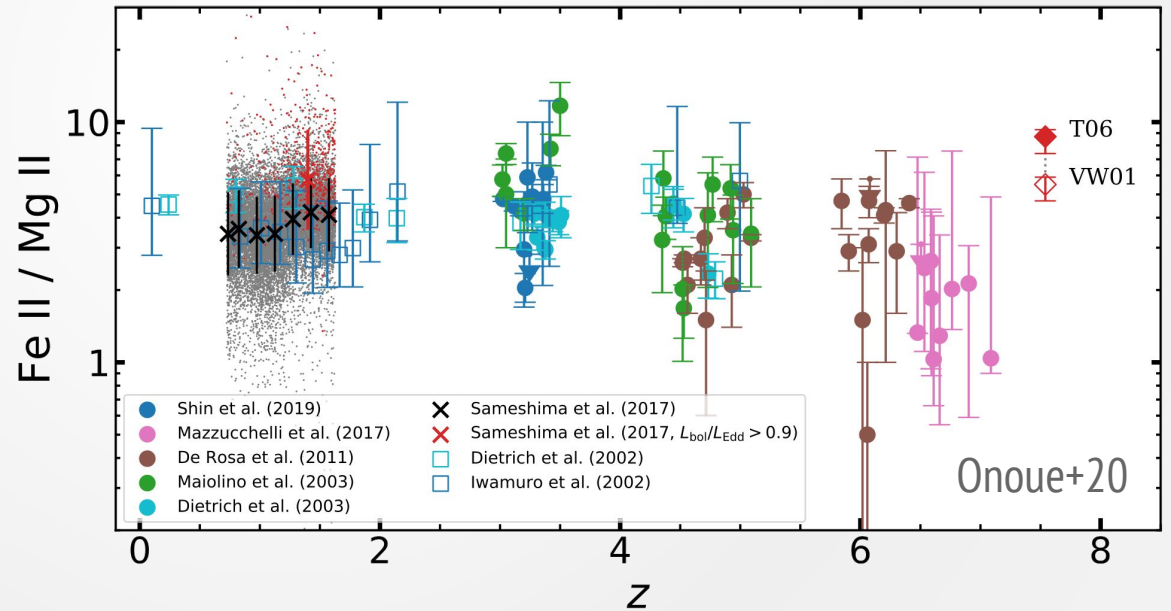




No Redshift Evolution in the Broad-line-region Metallicity up to $z = 7.54$: Deep Near-infrared Spectroscopy of ULAS J1342+0928

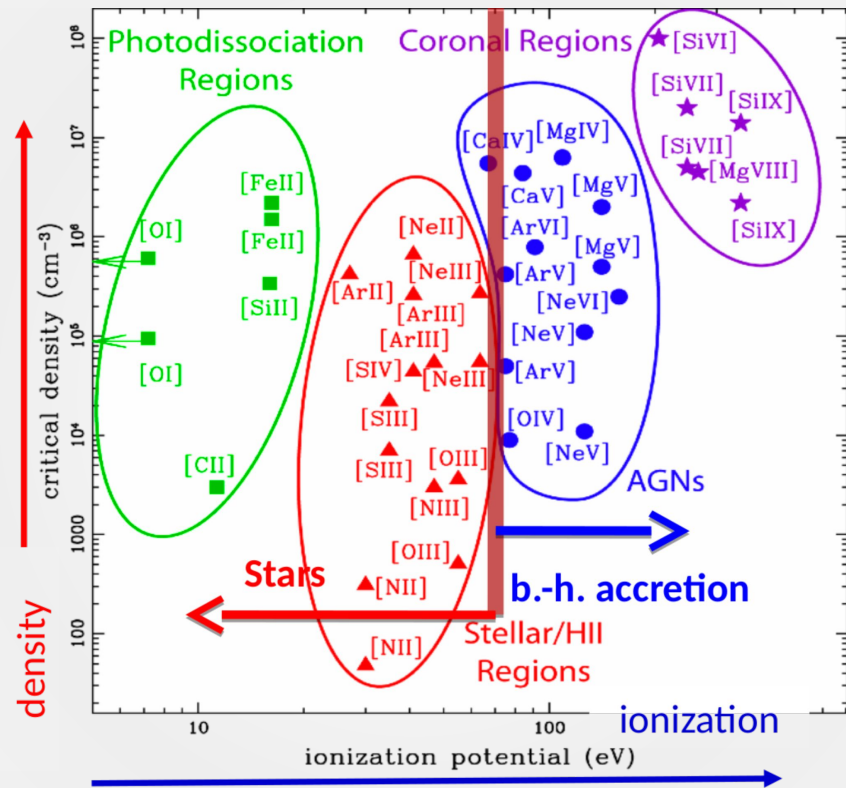
Masafusa Onoue¹ , Eduardo Bañados¹ , Chiara Mazzucchelli² , Bram P. Venemans¹ , Jan-Torge Schindler¹ , Fabian Walter¹ , Joseph F. Hennawi³ , Irham Taufik Andika¹ , Frederick B. Davies⁴ , Roberto Decarli⁵ , Emanuele P. Farina^{1,6} , Knud Jahnke¹ , Tohru Nagao⁷ , Nozomu Tominaga^{8,9} , and Feige Wang^{10,11,12} 

No chemical evolution
in **quasars?**



Why IR lines?

Temperature dependence of optical lines
Dust obscuration with increasing SFR

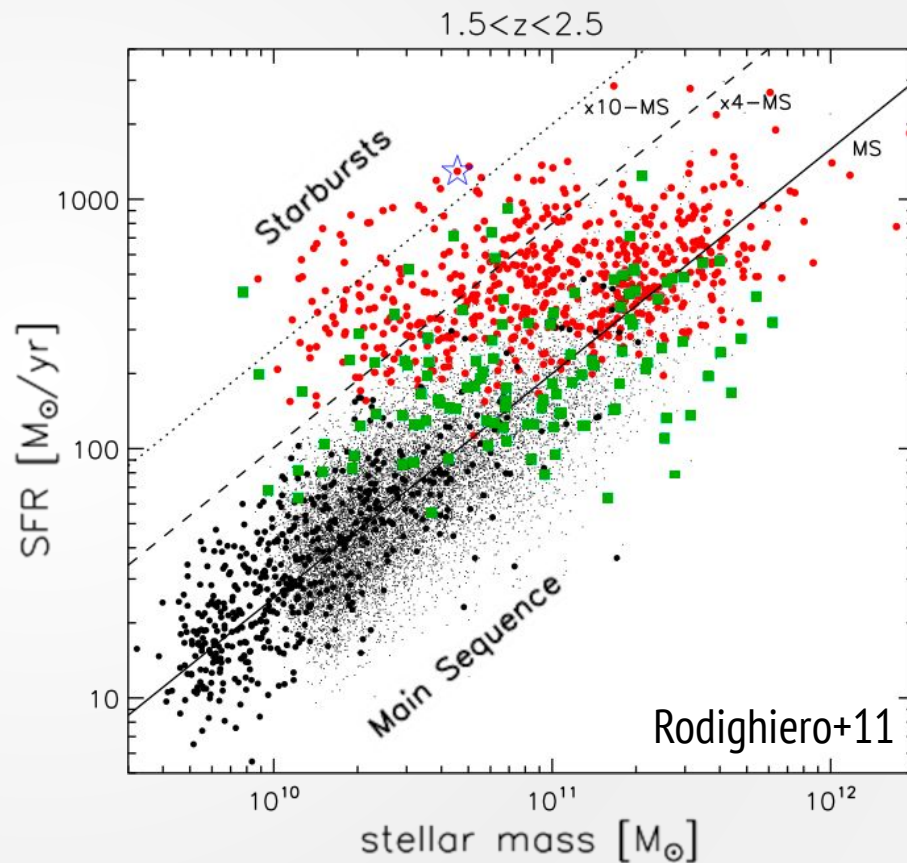


Spinoglio & Malkan 1992

Dust obscuration

Obscured phases during evolution

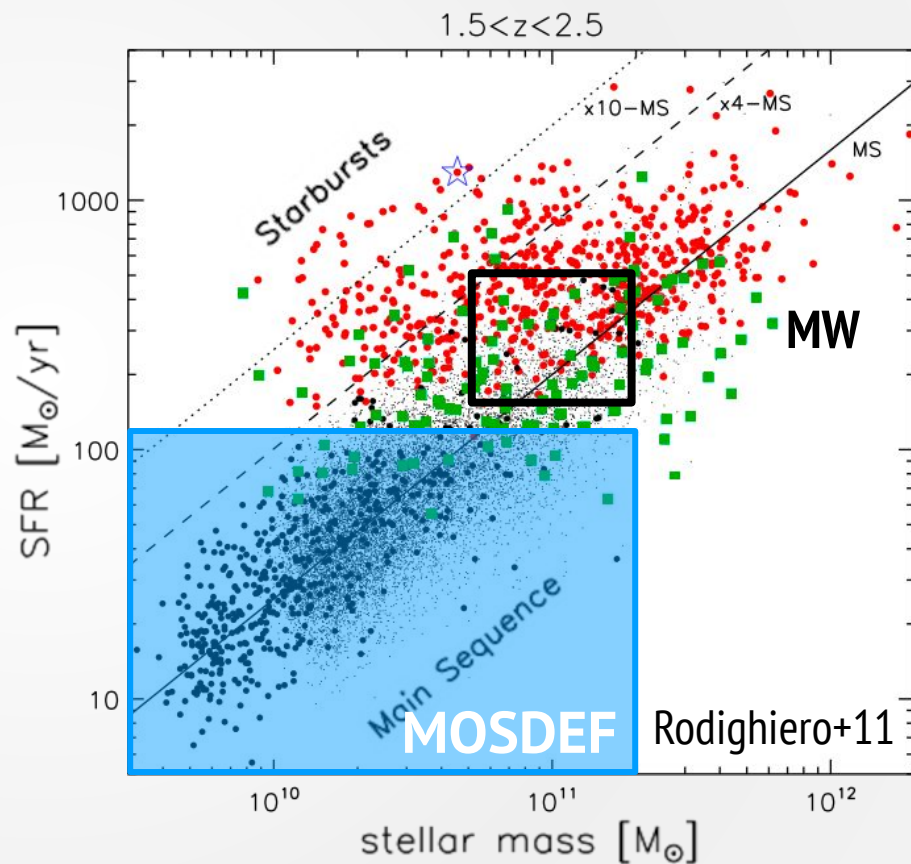
Dominate cosmic noon, dawn?



Dust obscuration

Obscured phases during evolution

Dominate cosmic noon, dawn?



Dust obscuration (even at low metallicities)

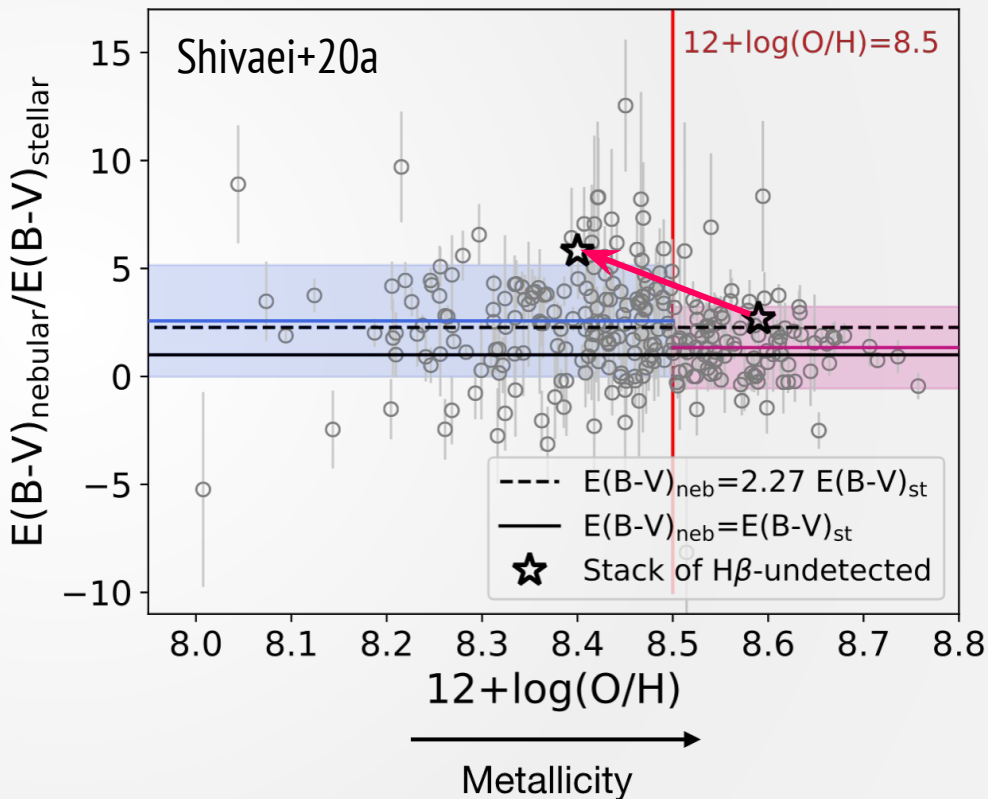
Obscured phases during evolution

Dominate cosmic noon, dawn?

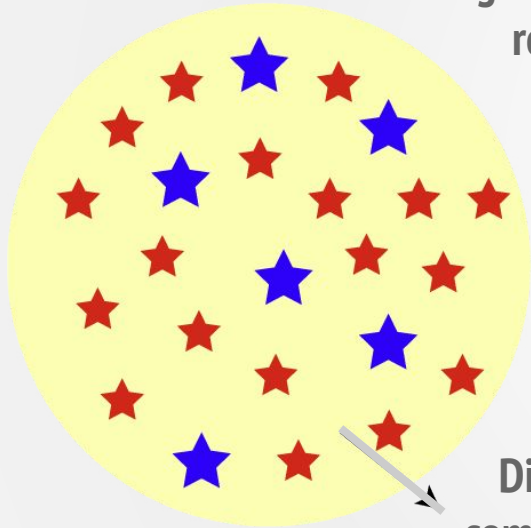
MOSDEF survey ($1.5 < z < 3.5$)

$$E(B-V)_{\text{neb}} \propto \text{SFR}$$

$$\propto \text{decreasing } O/H$$

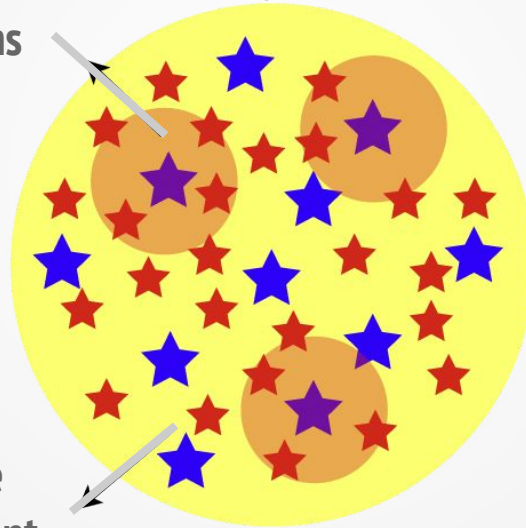


Solar metallicity
(SFR < 10 M_{\odot} /yr)



Low metallicity
(SFR ~20 – 100
 M_{\odot} /yr)

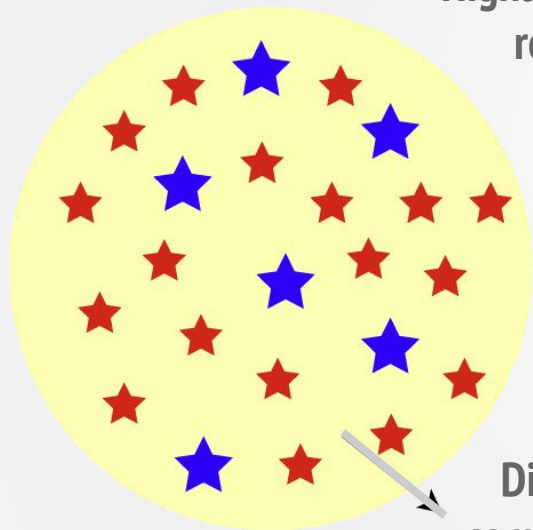
Highly obscured
regions



Diffuse
component

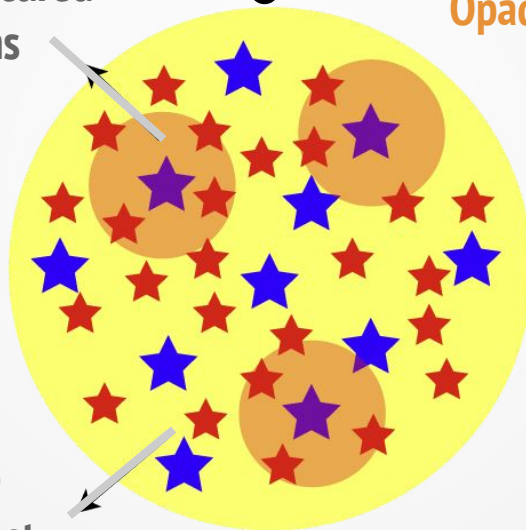
Reddy+15, Shivaei+20a

Solar metallicity
(SFR < 10 M_{\odot} /yr)



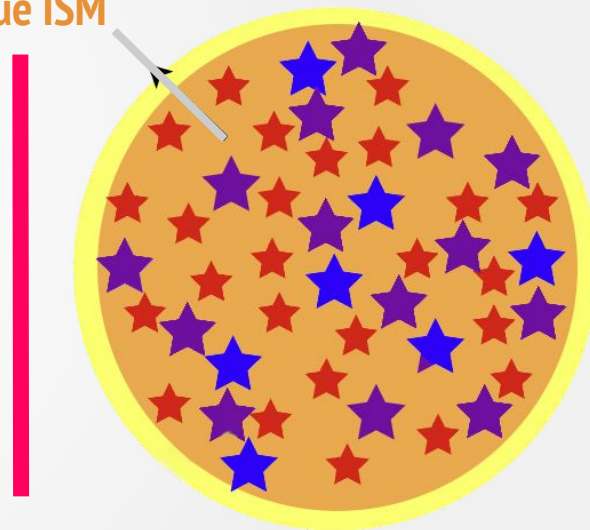
Highly obscured
regions

Low metallicity
(SFR ~20 – 100
 M_{\odot} /yr)



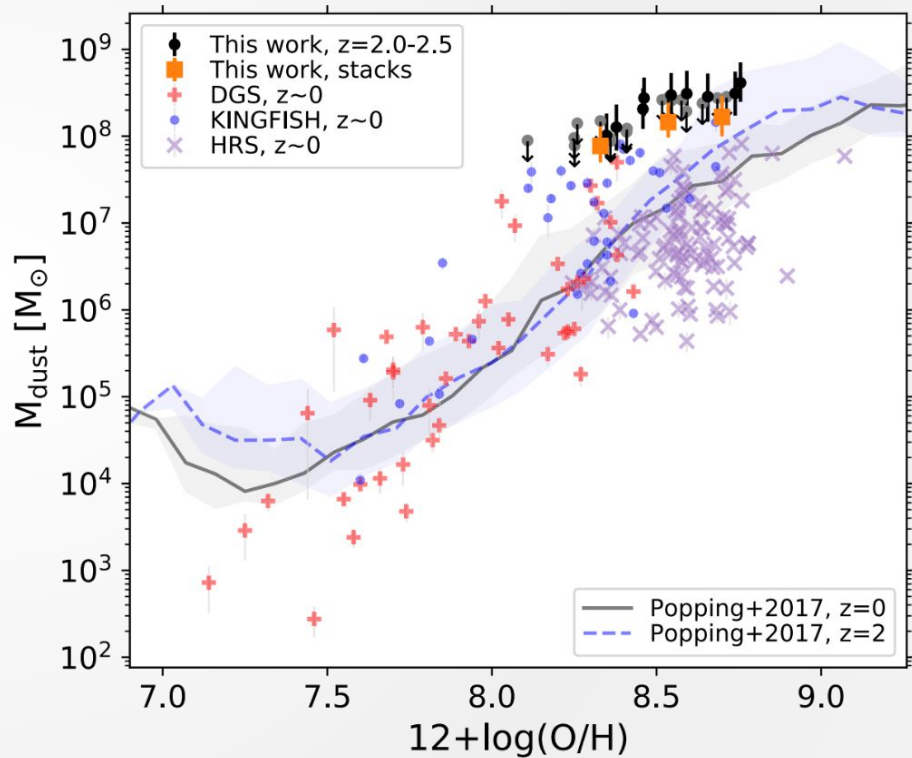
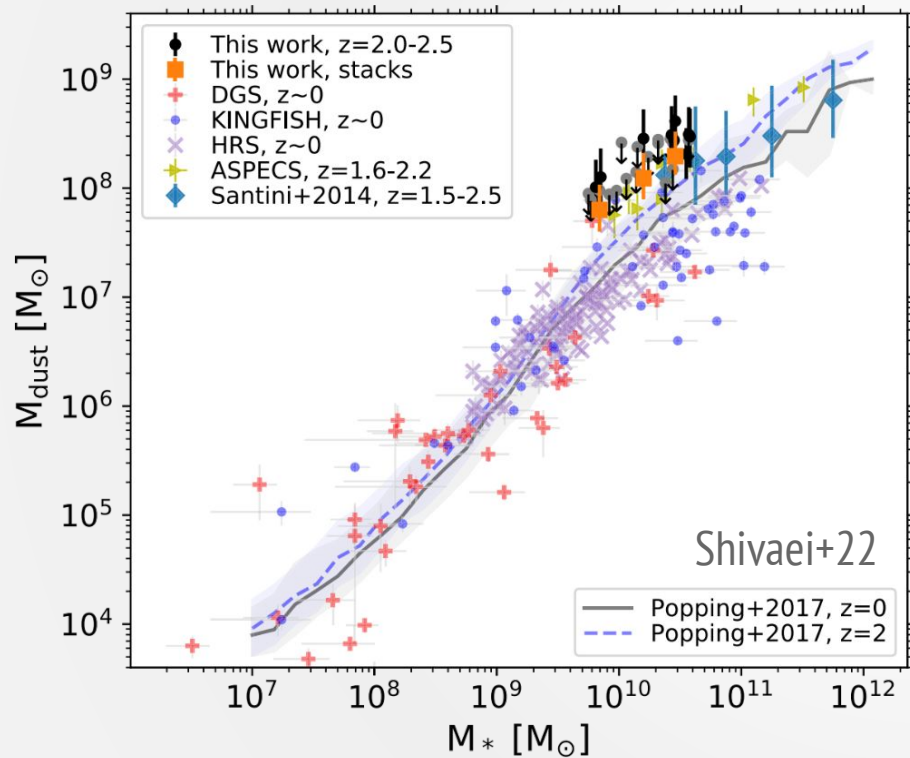
Opaque ISM

> 100 M_{\odot} /yr?

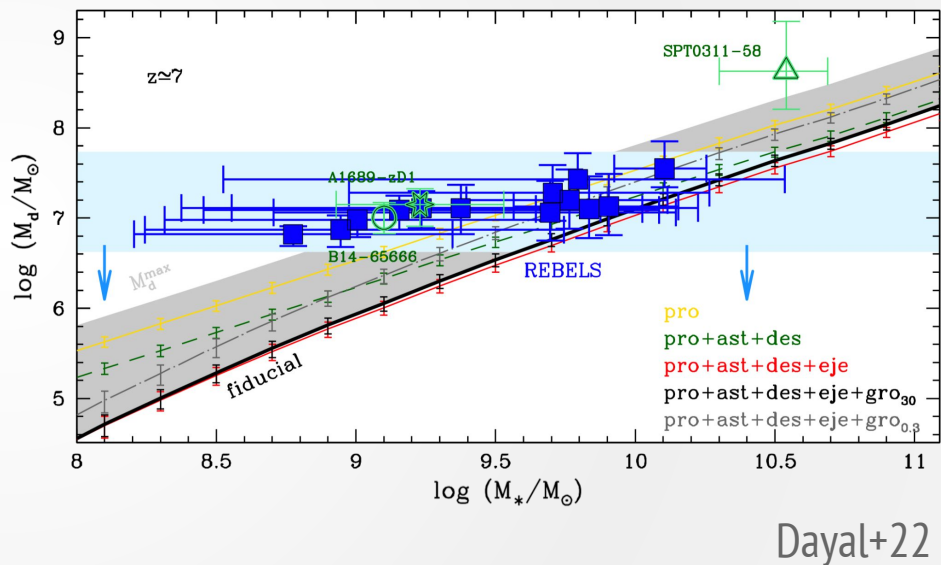
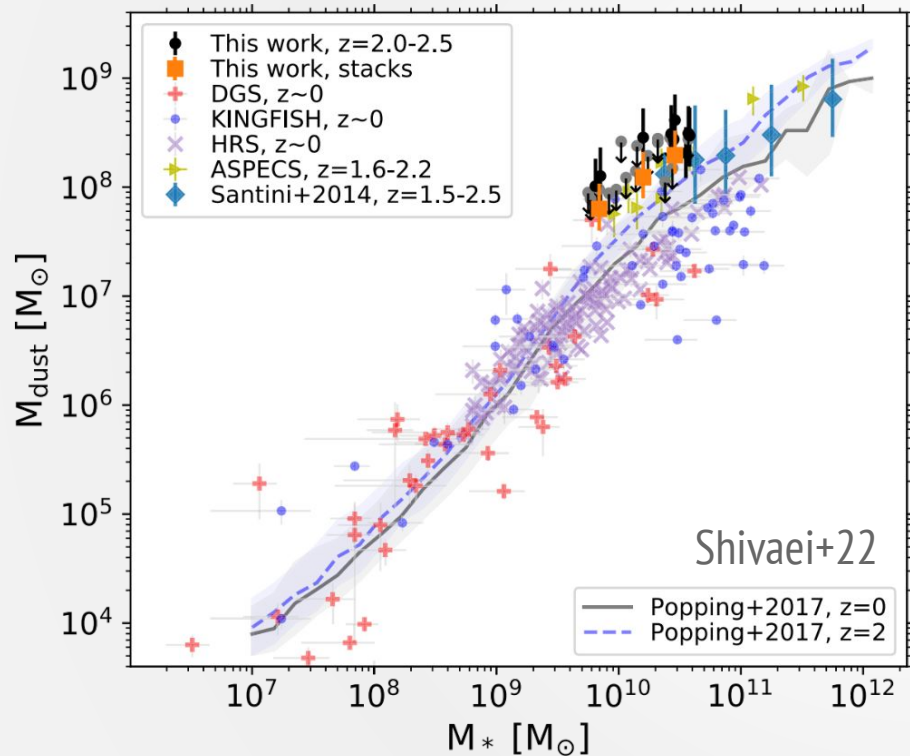


Reddy+15, Shivaei+20a

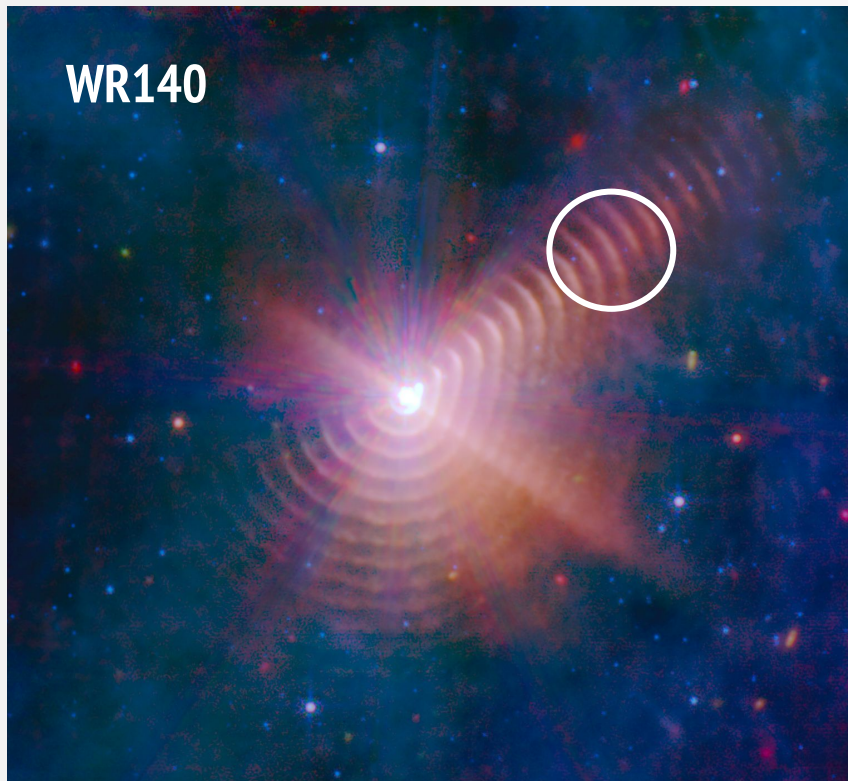
Dust obscuration (even at low metallicities)



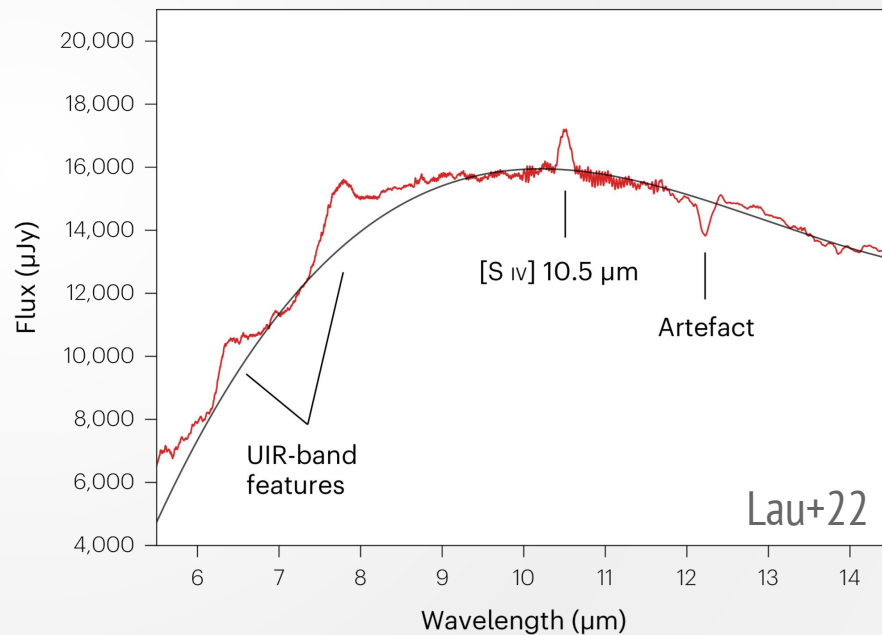
Dust at low metallicities



Dust at low metallicities



Dust produced in massive star winds?



Temperature

Direct method (DM)

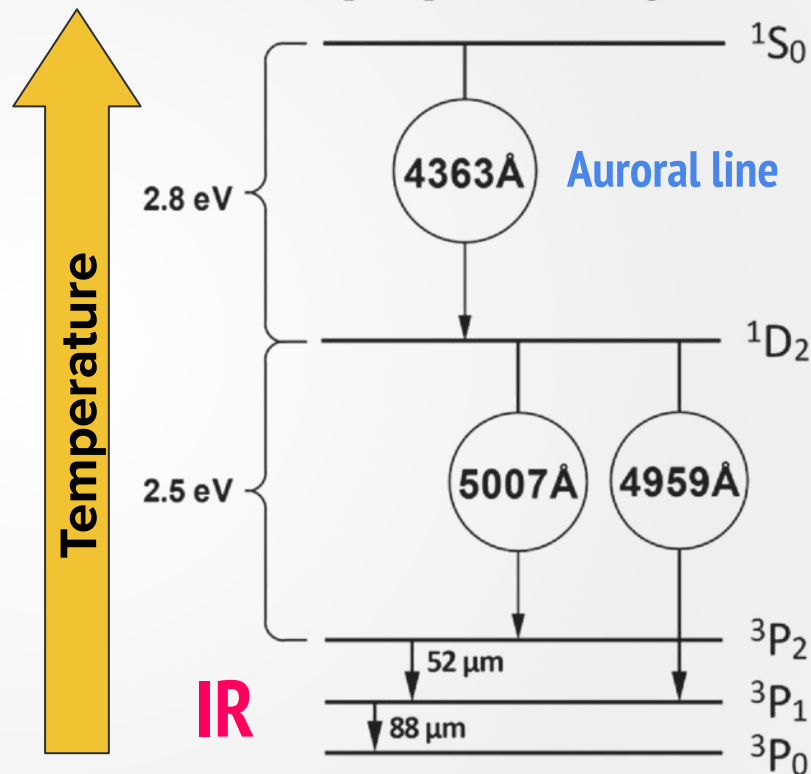
optical nebular lines + auroral lines (Te)

Strong-line methods

few bright lines, fainter galaxies

Calibrations (~0.7 dex, Kewley & Ellison 08)

Secondary nitrogen production channel



Temperature

Direct method (DM)

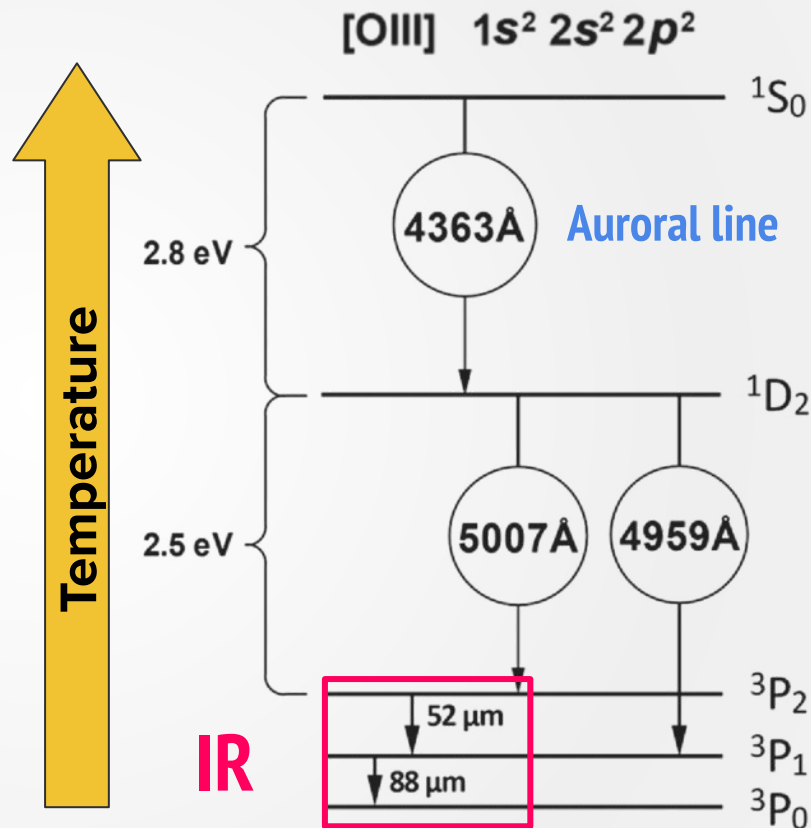
optical nebular lines + auroral lines (Te)

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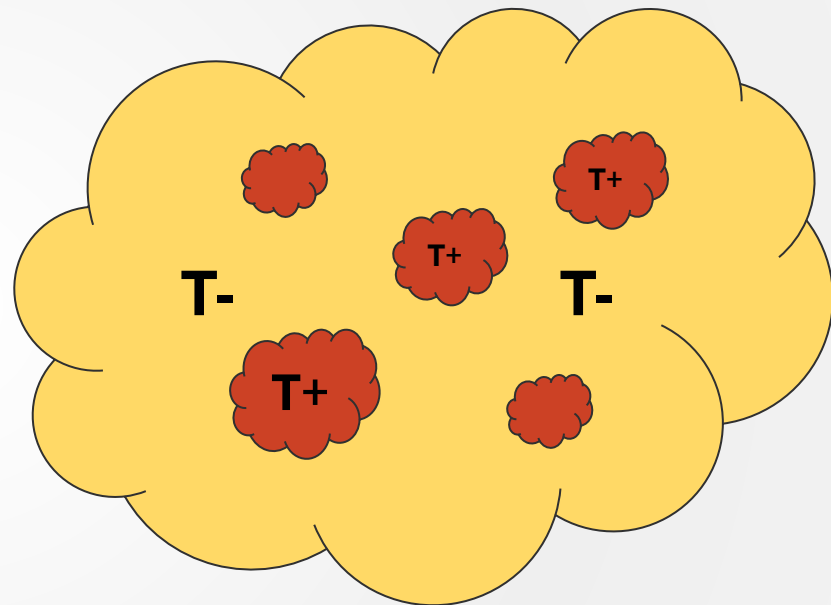
Secondary nitrogen production channel



Temperature

IR lines are insensitive to **Te** effects

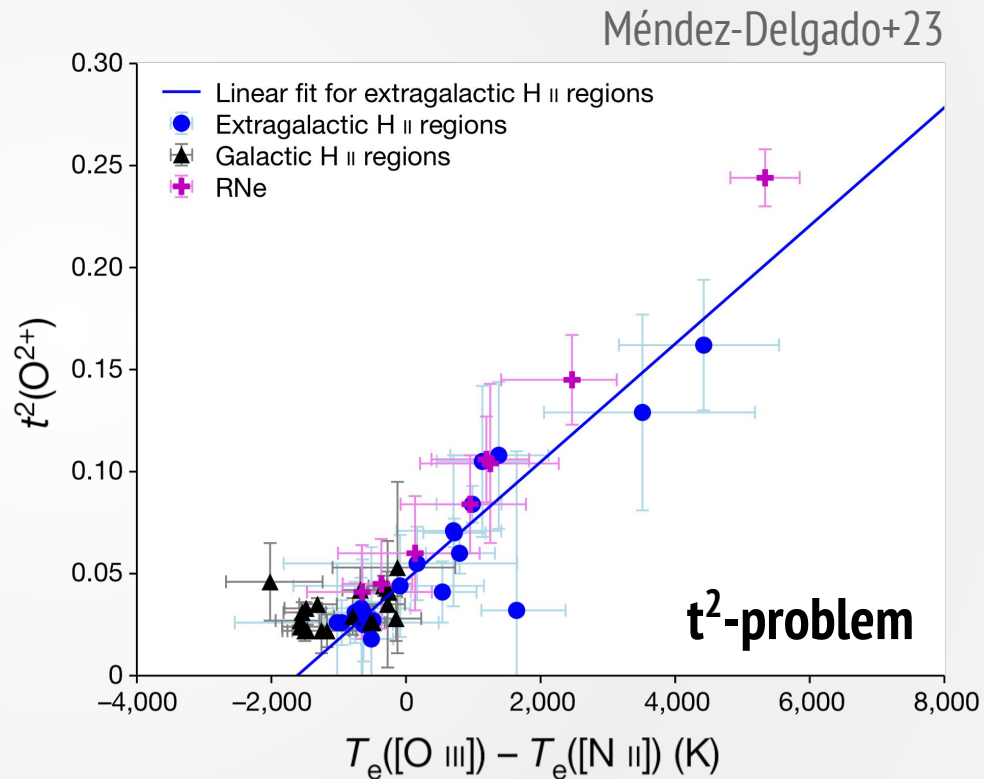
- Inhomogeneities
- **t²-problem** (Peimbert 67)
- Low-Te components (PNe; Liu+06)



Temperature

IR lines are insensitive to **Te** effects

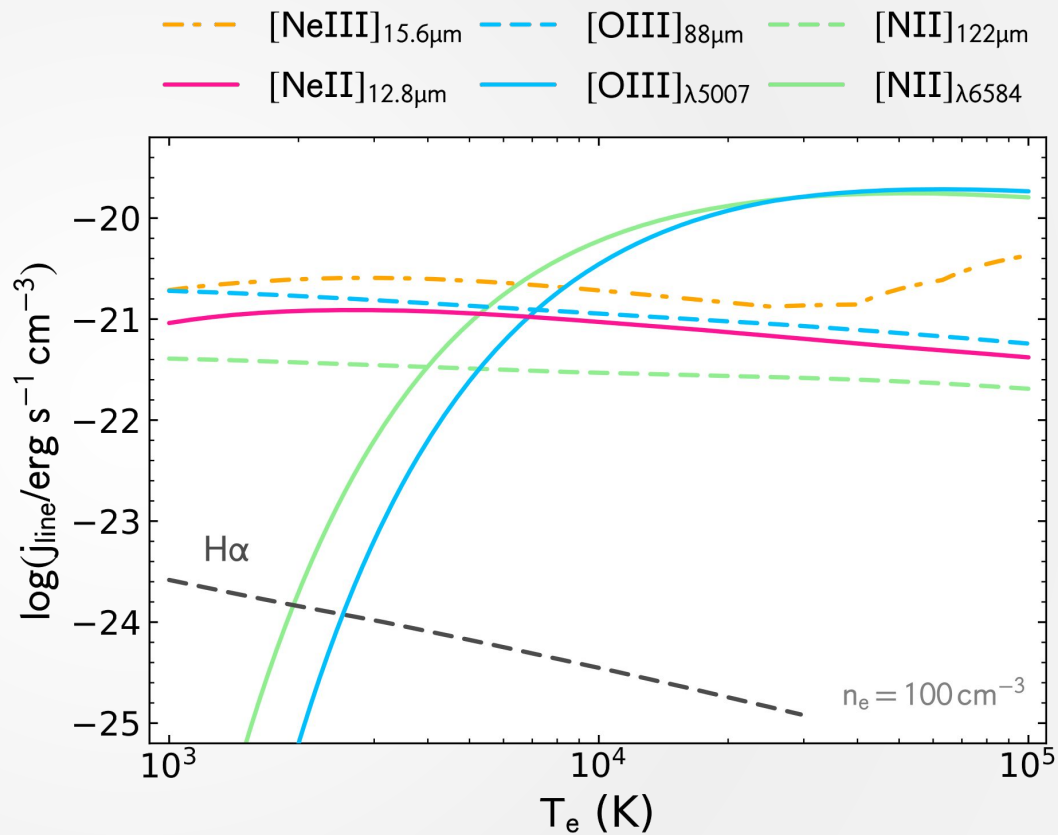
- Inhomogeneities
- **t²-problem** (Peimbert 67)
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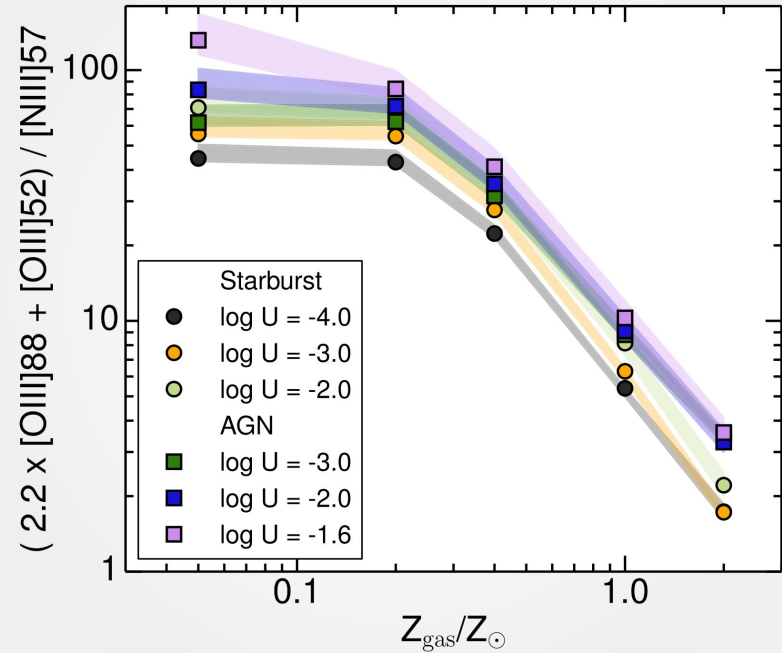
Temperature

IR lines are insensitive to **Te** effects

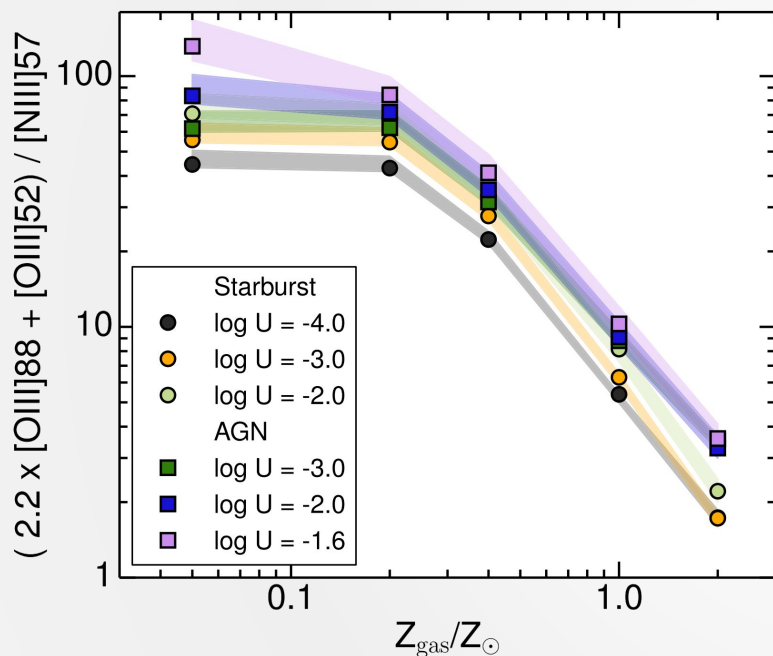
- Inhomogeneities
- **t²-problem** (Peimbert 67)
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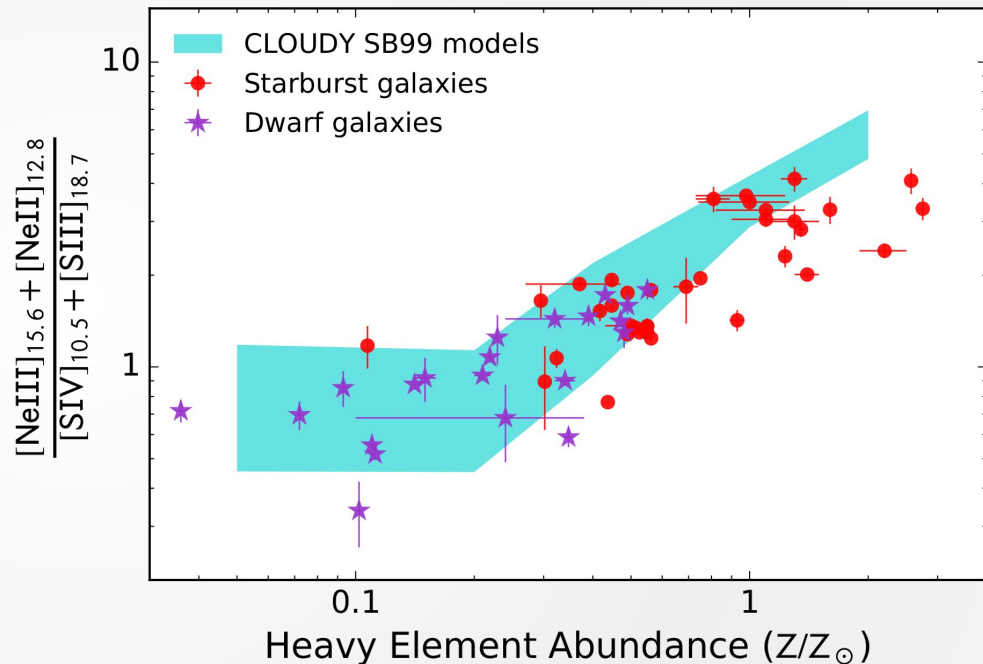
IR abundance tracers



Few IR-based diagnostics in the market



Photoionisation, relies on **N/O-OH** prescription
(Nagao+11, Pereira-Santaella+17, Herrera-Camus+18)



Empirical calibration (Fernández-Ontiveros+16,17)

HII-CHI-MISTRY-IR (HCm-IR)

Nebular IR lines (Spitzer + Herschel + SOFIA):

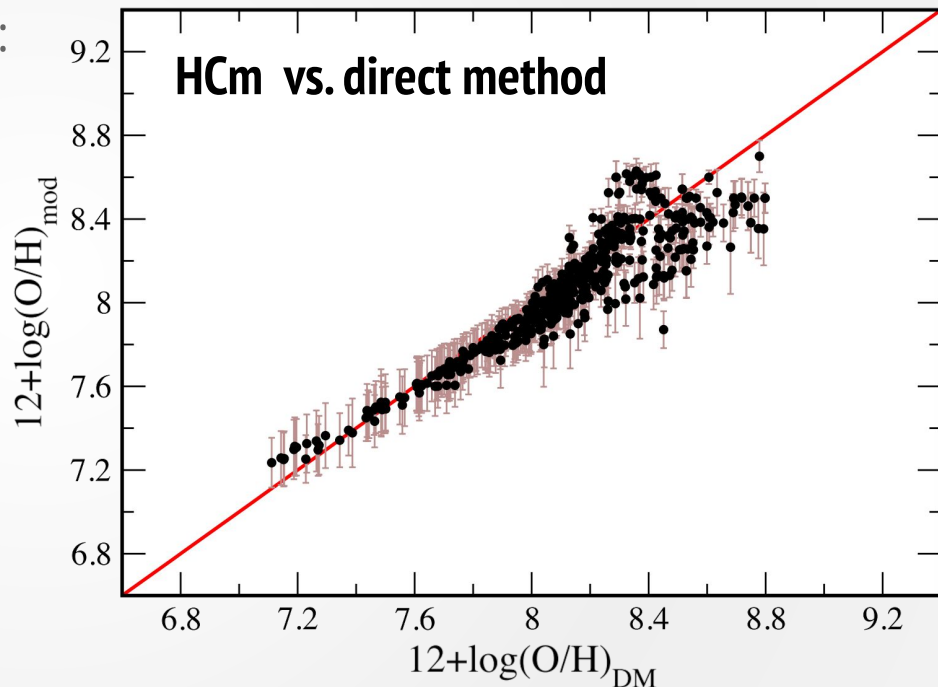
$[\text{NeII}]_{12.8}$ $[\text{NeIII}]_{15.6}$ $[\text{SIII}]_{18.7,33.5}$ $[\text{SIV}]_{10.5}$
 $[\text{OIII}]_{52,88}$ $[\text{NIII}]_{57}$ $[\text{NII}]_{122,205}$ + $\text{Br}\alpha$ $\text{Pf}\alpha$ $\text{Hu}\alpha$

Photoionisation models (O/H, N/O, logU)

Star formation and AGN models

(Fernández-Ontiveros+21, Pérez-Díaz+22)

28 dwarfs, 19 solar-like starbursts, 9
(U)LIRGs, 8 High-z galaxies + 58 AGN



Based on HCm, Pérez-Montero 14, 21

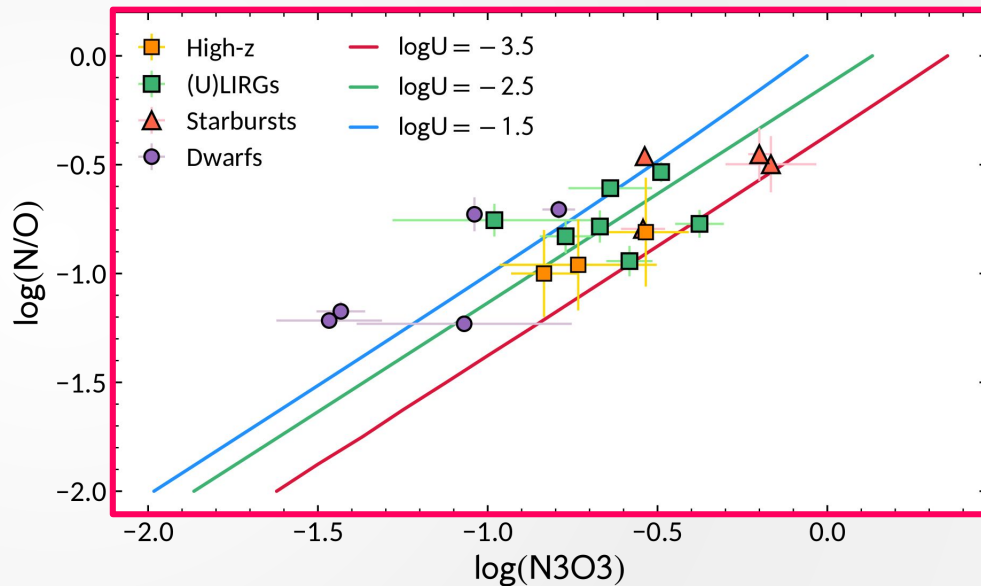
HII-CHEMISTRY-IR (HCm-IR)

Independent **N/O** determination

$$\log(N/O) = \log\left(\frac{I([N\ III]_{57\mu m})}{I([O\ III]_{52\mu m})}\right)$$

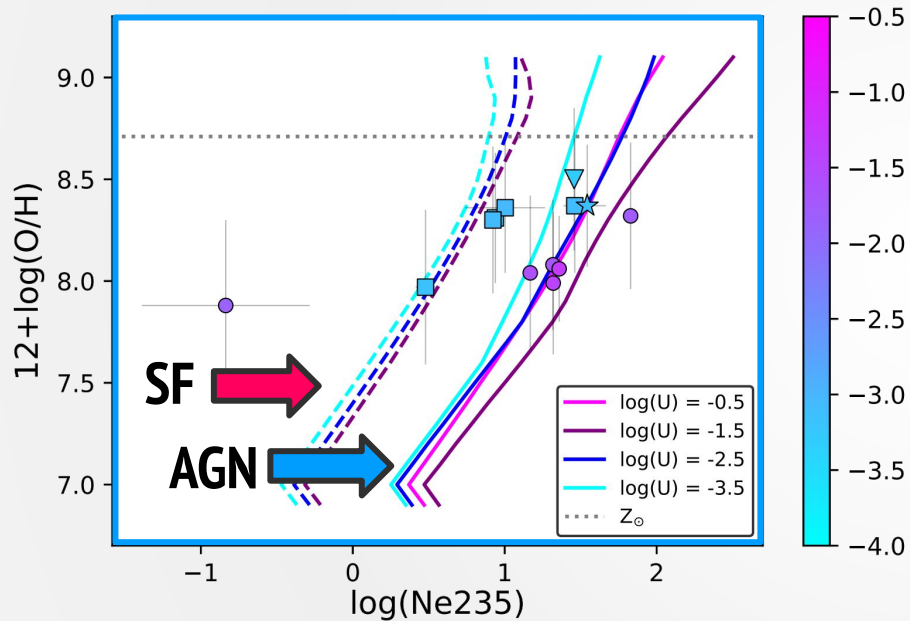
IRAS15543+3013, HLSW-01, SDP.11

($0.1 < z < 3$)

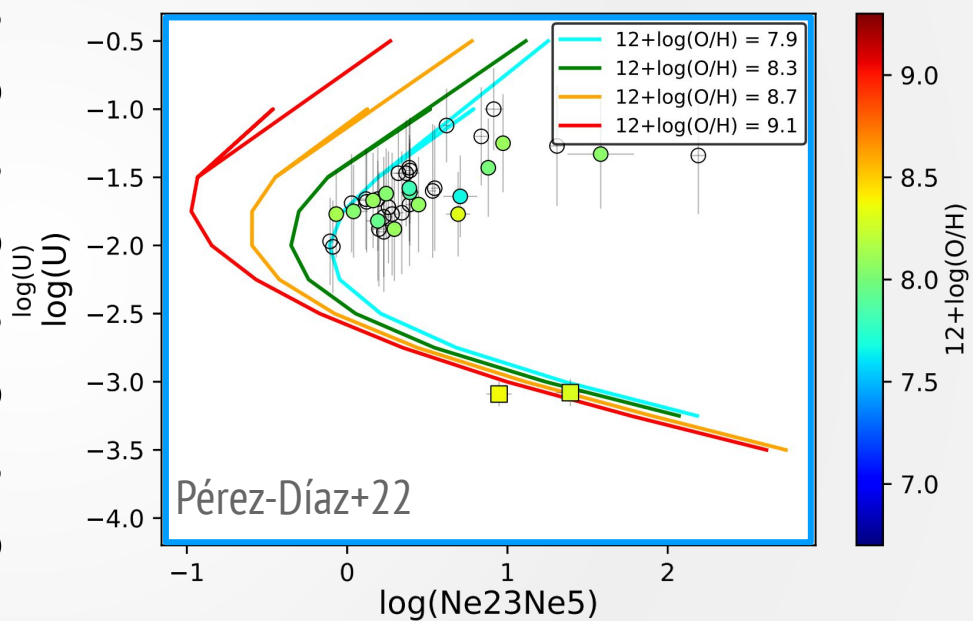


Fernández-Ontiveros+21, Pérez-Díaz+22

HII-CHI-MISTRY-IR (HCm-IR)

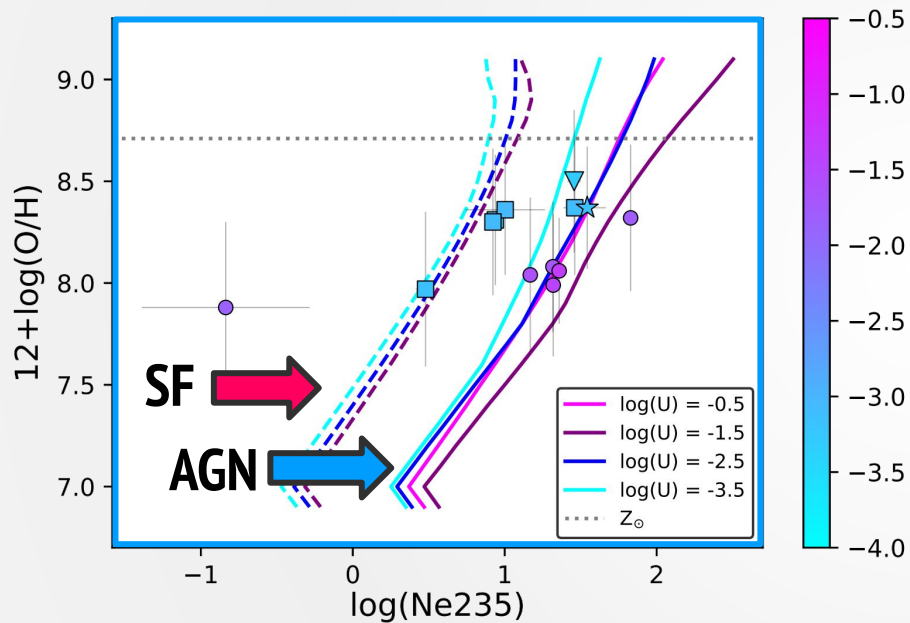


$$\text{Ne}235 = ([\text{NeII}]_{12.8} + [\text{NeIII}]_{15.6} + [\text{NeV}]_{14+24}) / \text{H}$$



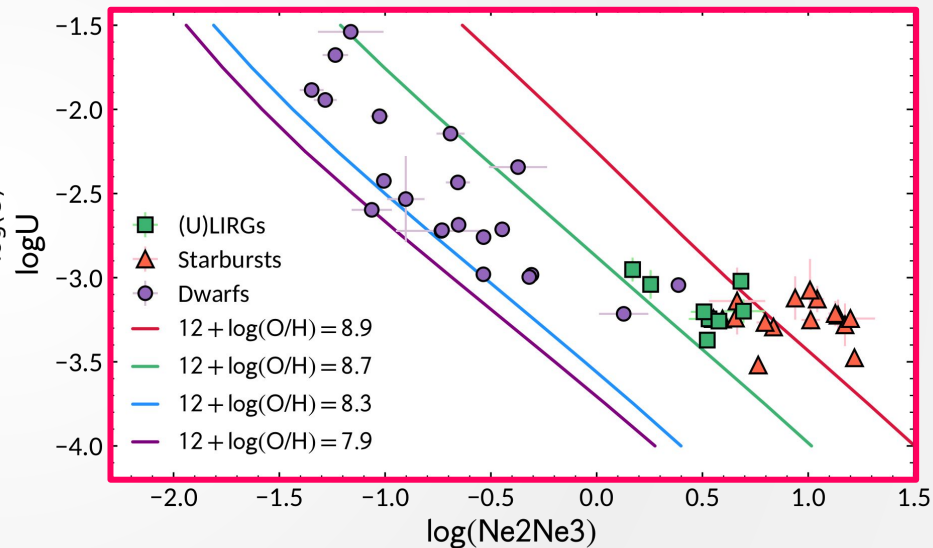
$$\text{Ne}23\text{Ne}5 = ([\text{NeII}]_{12.8} + [\text{NeIII}]_{15.6}) / [\text{NeV}]_{14+24}$$

HII-CHI-MISTRY-IR (HCm-IR)



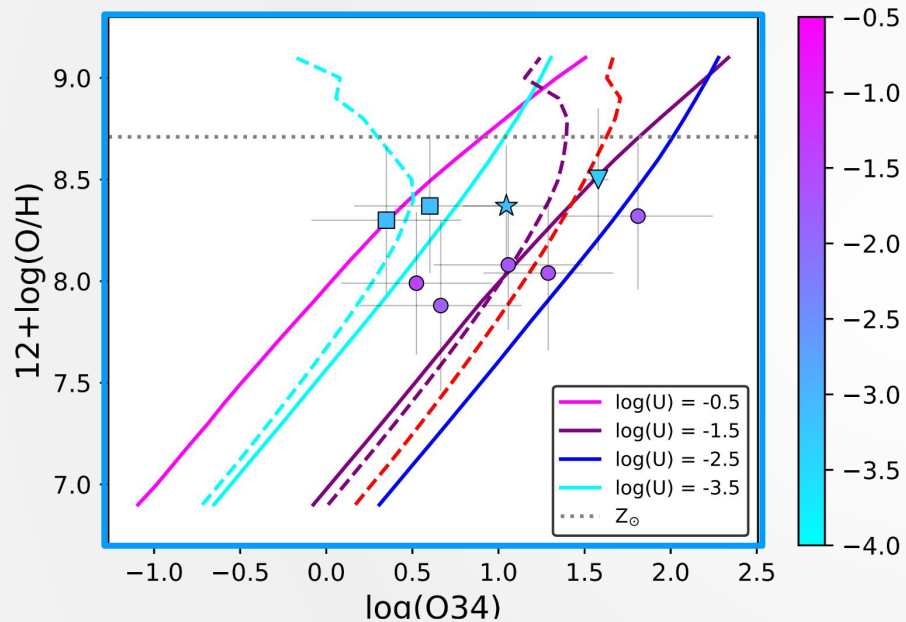
$$\text{Ne}235 = ([\text{NeII}]_{12.8} + [\text{NeIII}]_{15.6} + [\text{NeV}]_{14+24}) / \text{H}$$

Fernández-Ontiveros+21

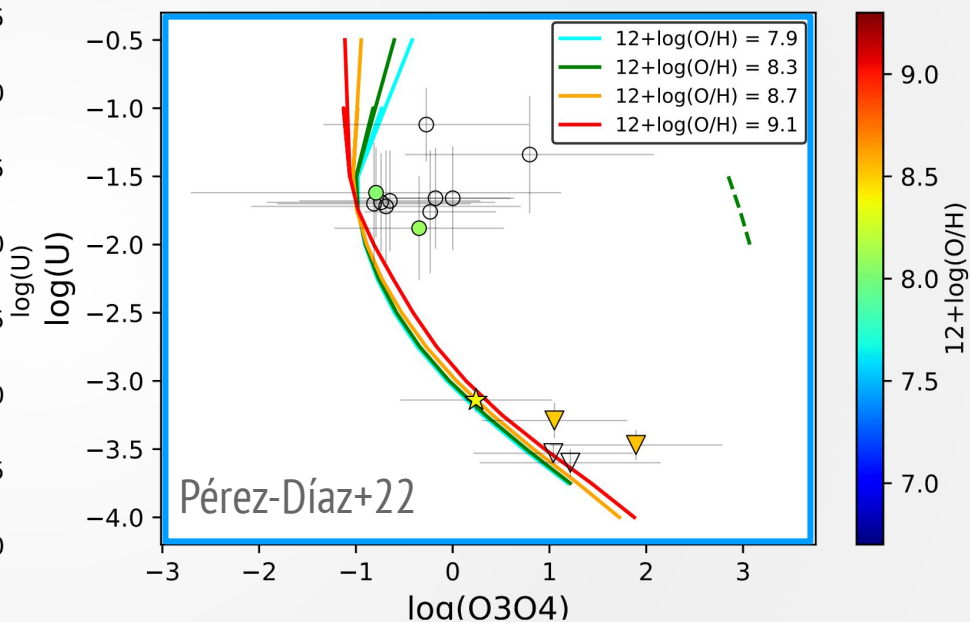


$$\text{Ne}2\text{Ne}3 = [\text{NeII}]_{12.8} / [\text{NeIII}]_{15.6}$$

HII-CHI-MISTRY-IR (HCm-IR)



$$\text{O}34 = ([\text{OIII}]_{52} + [\text{OIV}]_{26}) / \text{H}$$



$$\text{O}304 = [\text{OIII}]_{52} / [\text{OIV}]_{26}$$

HCm-IR is publicly available

<https://www.iaa.csic.es/~epm/HII-CHI-mistry.html>

H C m

HII-CHI-mistry

HII-CHI-mistry is a collection of python subroutines aimed at the calculation of chemical abundances and physical properties using emission line fluxes from ionized gaseous nebulae. A complete description and instructions can be downloaded from [here](#). These are the available different versions:

- [HII-CHI-mistry](#) . Calculation of oxygen, nitrogen-to-oxygen ratio chemical abundances and ionization parameter using optical emission lines both for massive clusters and for Narrow Line Regions of Seyfert 2 galaxies.
- [HII-CHI-mistry-UV](#) . Calculation of oxygen, carbon-to-oxygen chemical abundances and ionization parameter using ultraviolet emission lines.
- [HII-CHI-mistry-IR](#) . Calculation of oxygen, nitrogen-to-oxygen chemical abundances and ionization parameter using infra-red emission lines.
- [HII-CHI-mistry-Teff](#) . Calculation of the equivalent effective temperature of the ionizing source and the ionization parameter using optical emission lines and the metallicity, if available, as inputs.

Enrique Pérez-Montero, IAA-CSIC
Last update: 2020, July

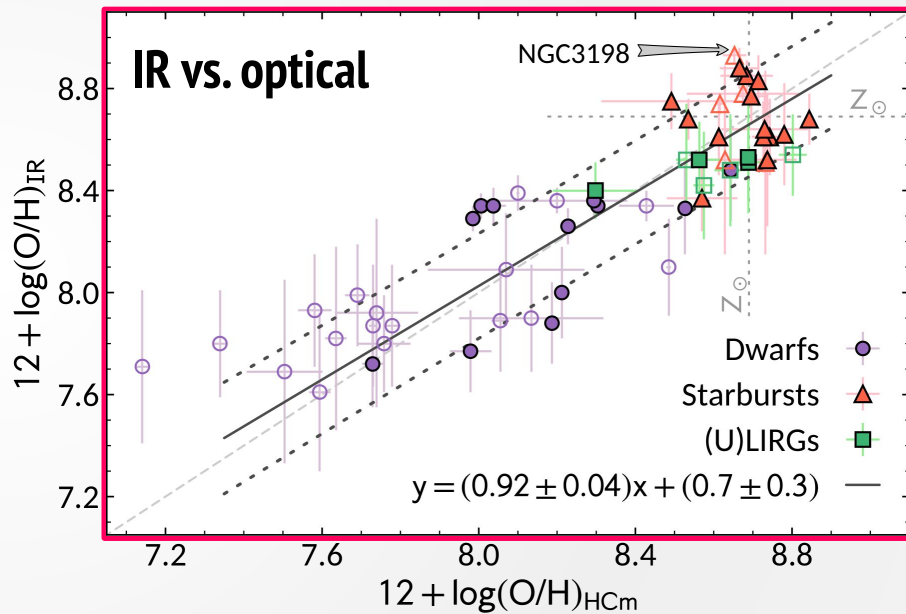
This program has been made thanks to the financial support from the Spanish AYA project Estallidos

IR vs optical abundances

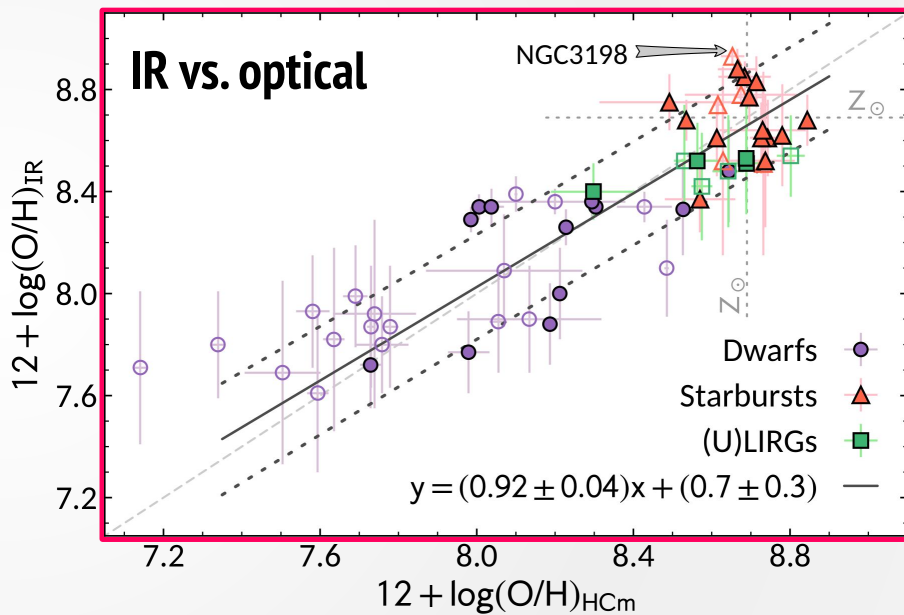
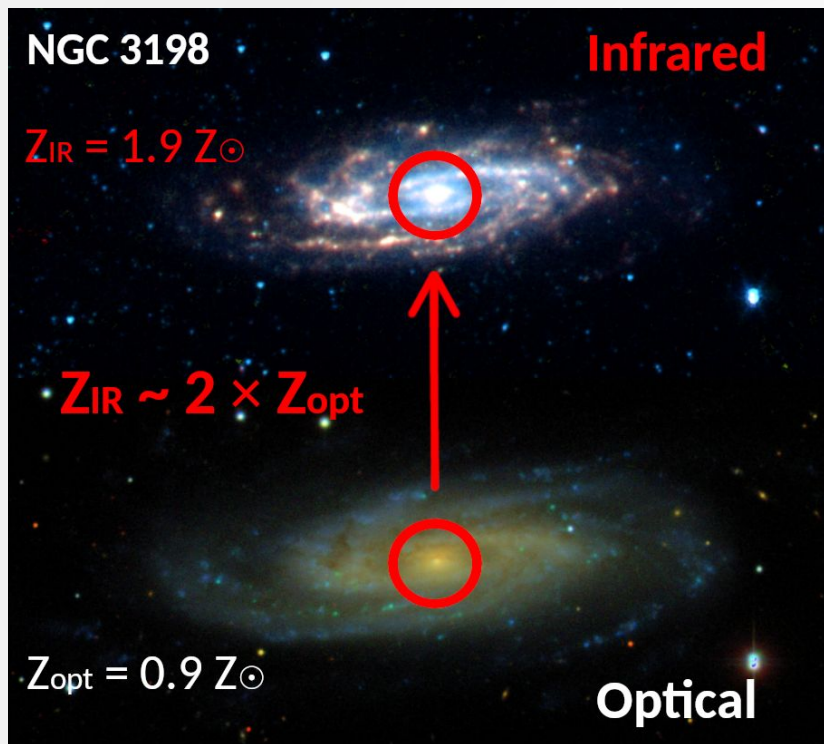


IR vs optical

~0.2 dex scatter from aperture, T_e , A_V

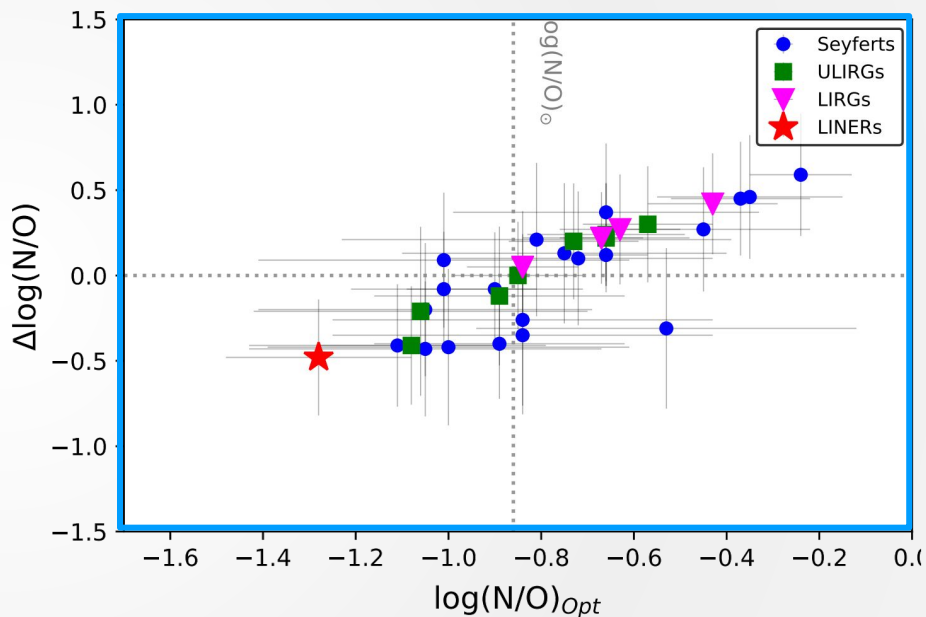
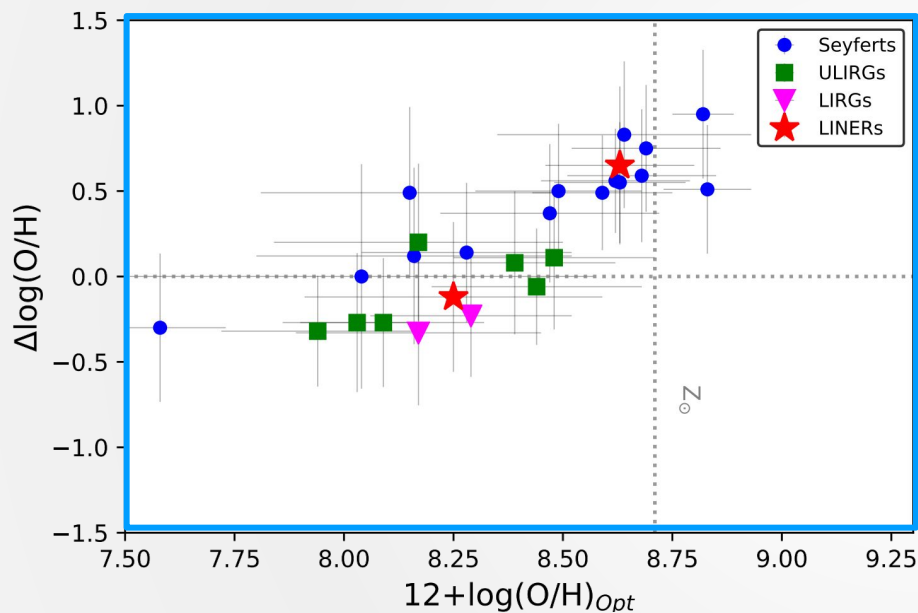


IR vs optical



Fernández-Ontiveros, Pérez-Montero+21

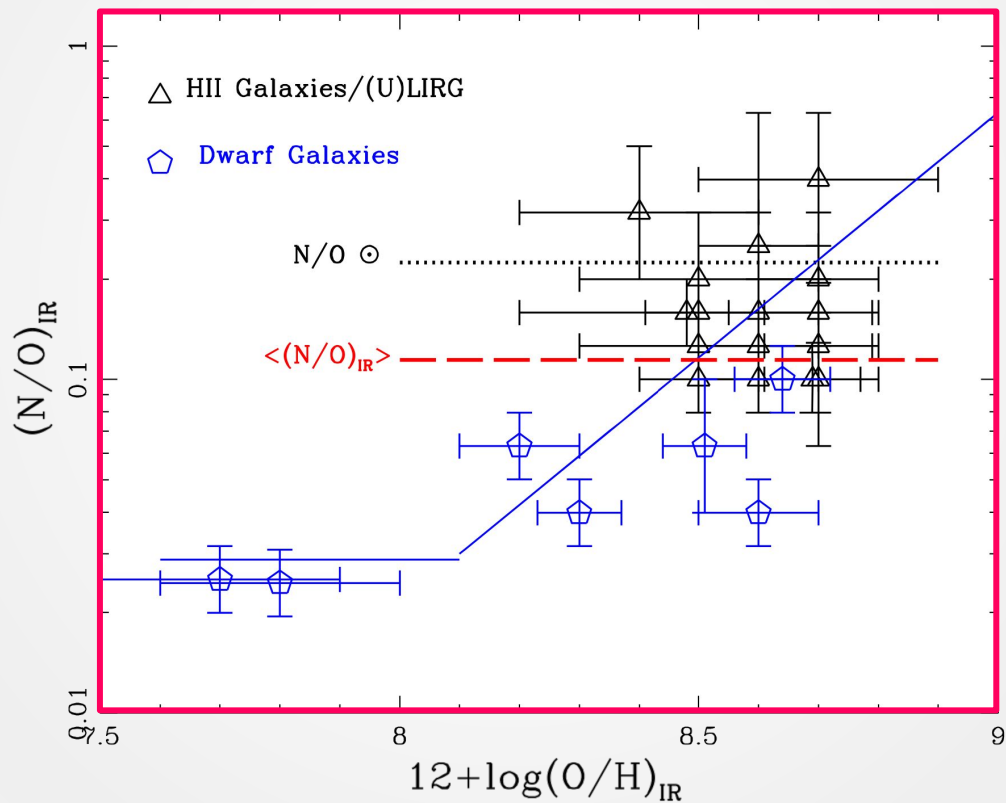
IR vs optical



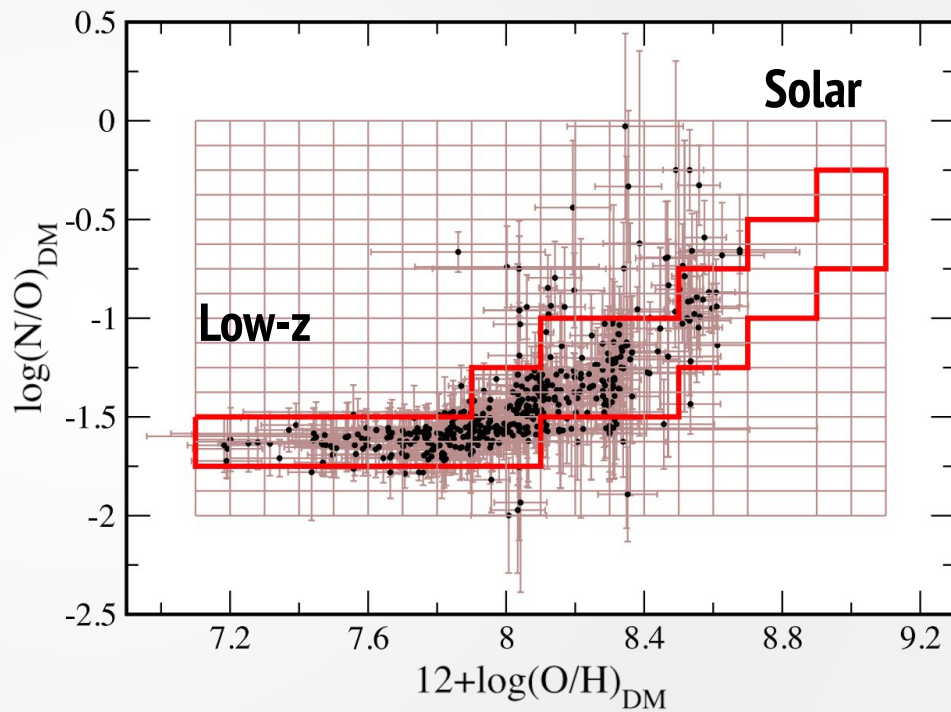
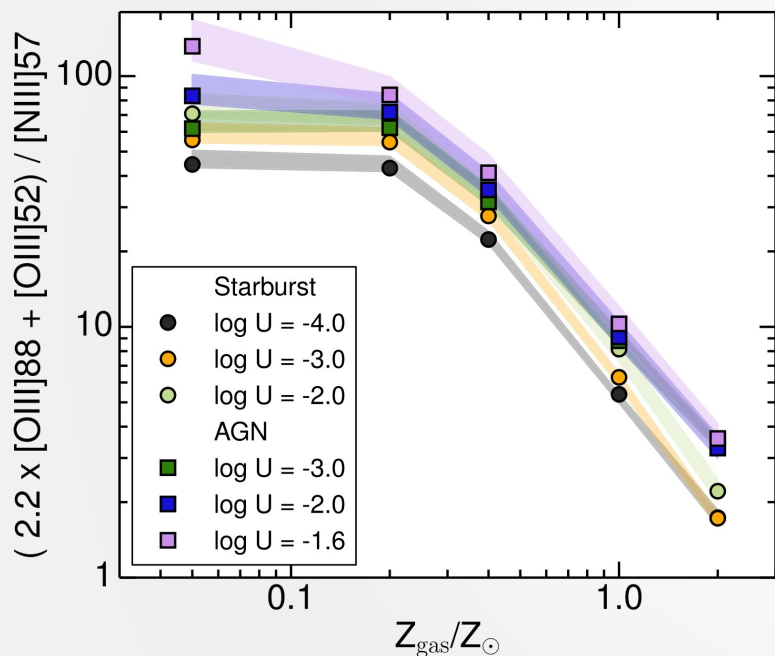
To be explored with JWST in nearby resolved HII and AGNs

Pérez-Díaz+22

IR vs optical



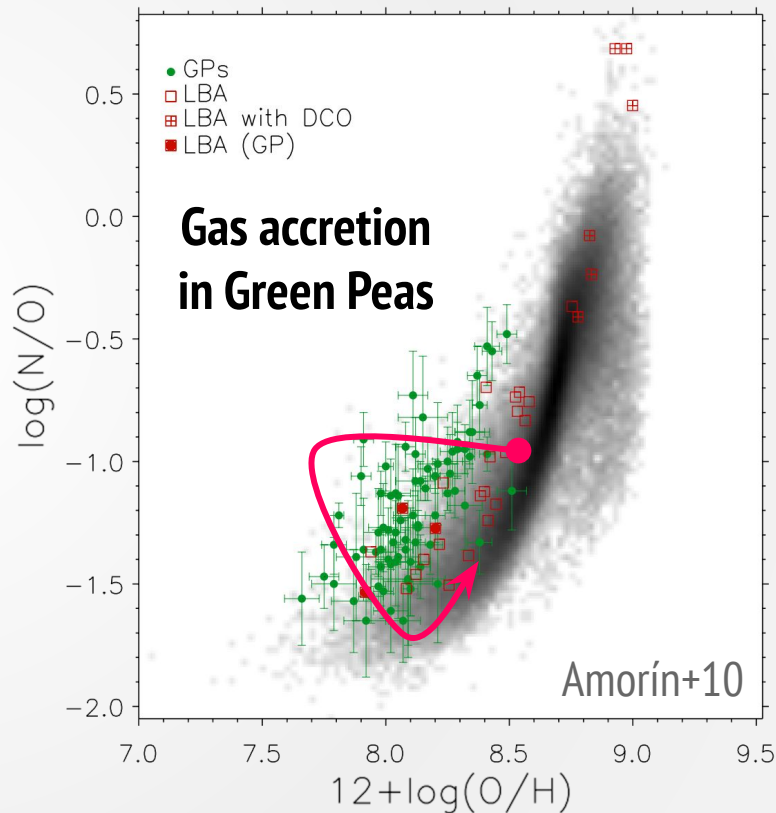
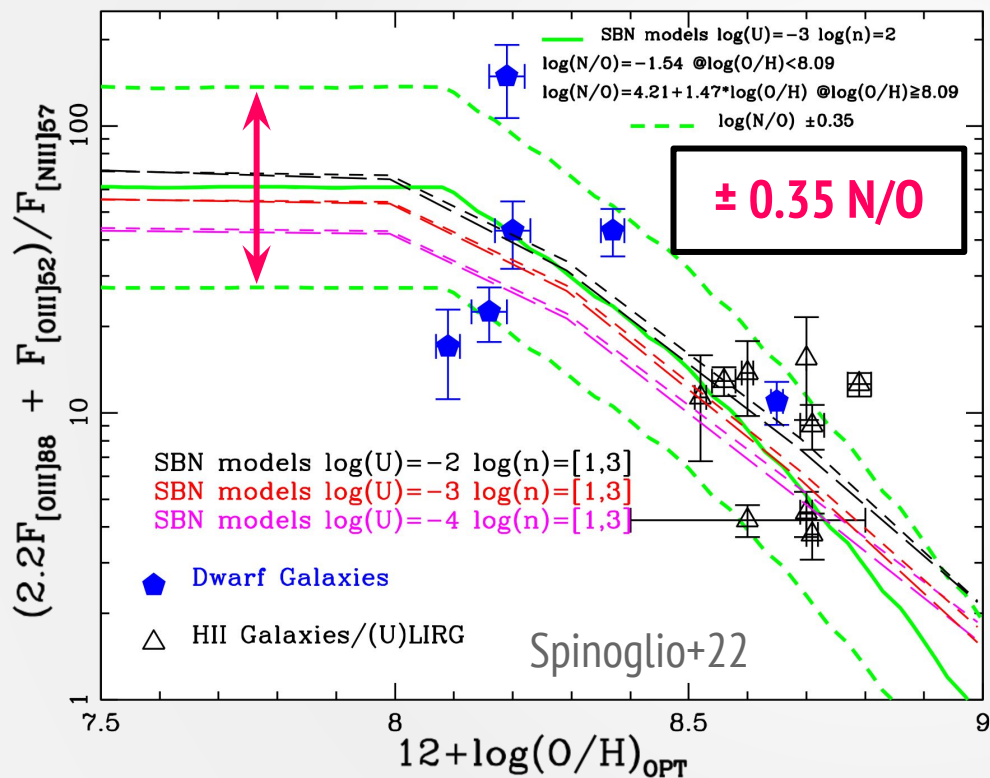
Beware of N/O-based metallicities



Relies on **N/O-OH** (Nagao+11, Pereira-Santaella+17)

Pérez-Montero 14

Beware of N/O-based metallicities

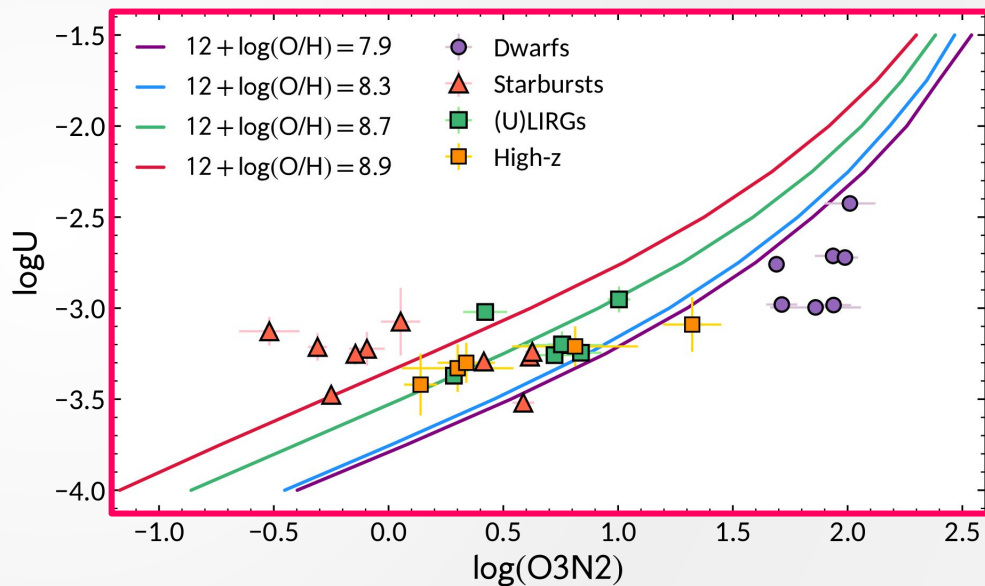


HII-CHEMISTRY-IR (HCm-IR)

Solar-like metallicities at **high-z**

Independent **N/O** **→** **ALMA**

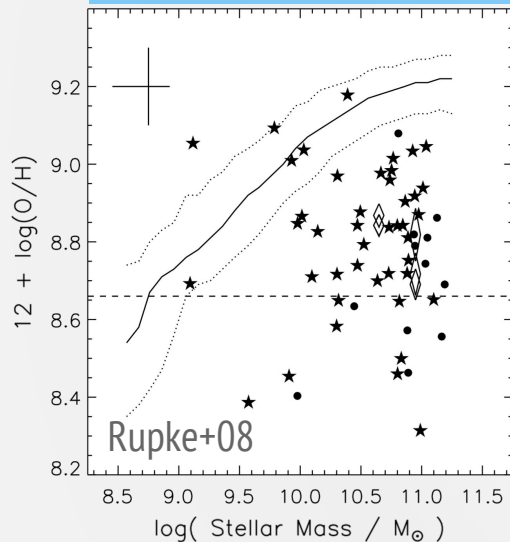
$$\text{O3N2} = \log \left(\frac{I([\text{O III}]_{88\mu\text{m}})}{I([\text{N II}]_{122\mu\text{m}})} \right)$$



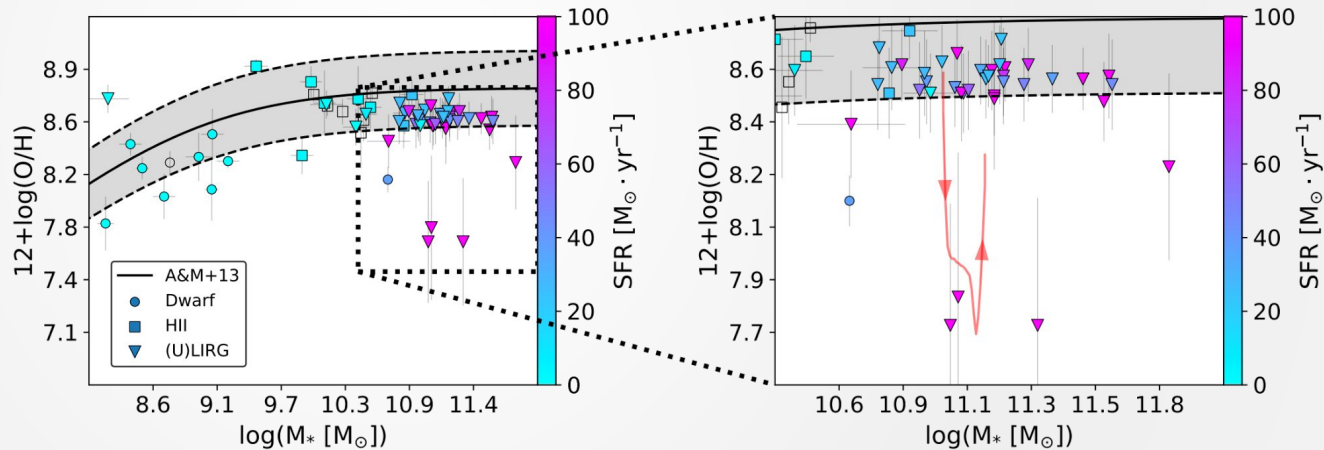
Fernández-Ontiveros+21

Gas mixing in 'deep-diving' ULIRGs

Optical



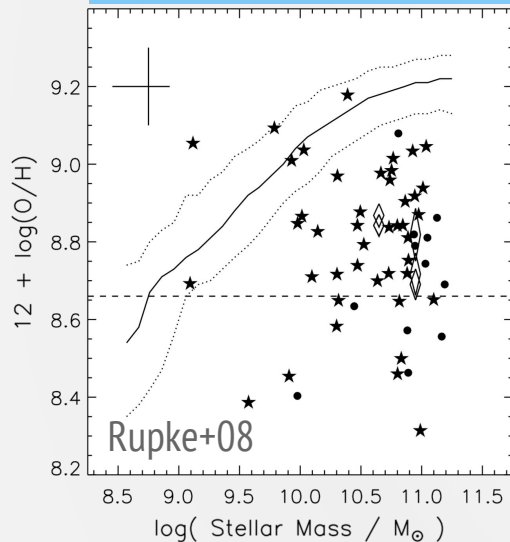
IR



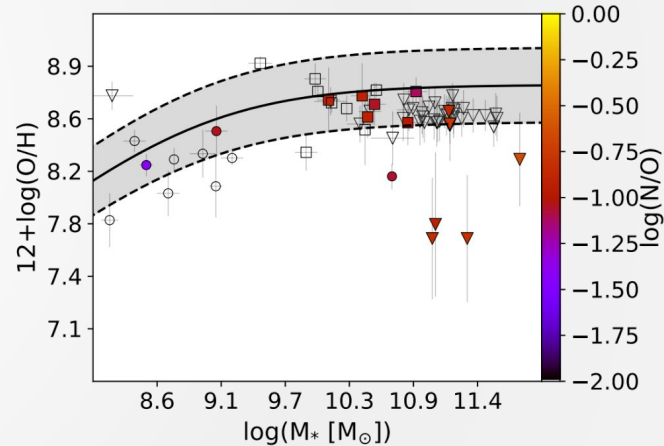
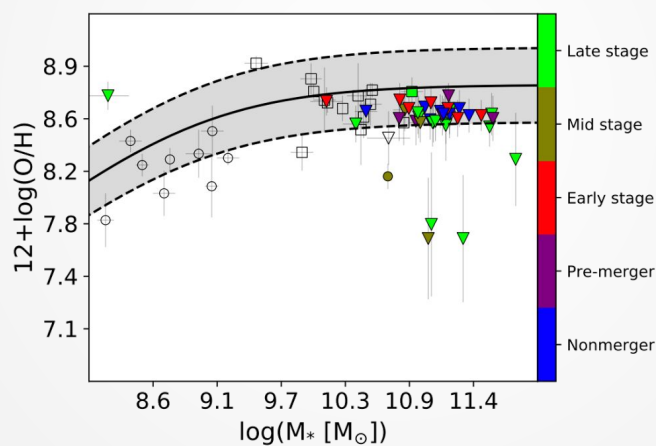
Pérez-Díaz+23 arXiv:2306.14843
(also Chartab+22)

Gas mixing in 'deep-diving' ULIRGs

Optical

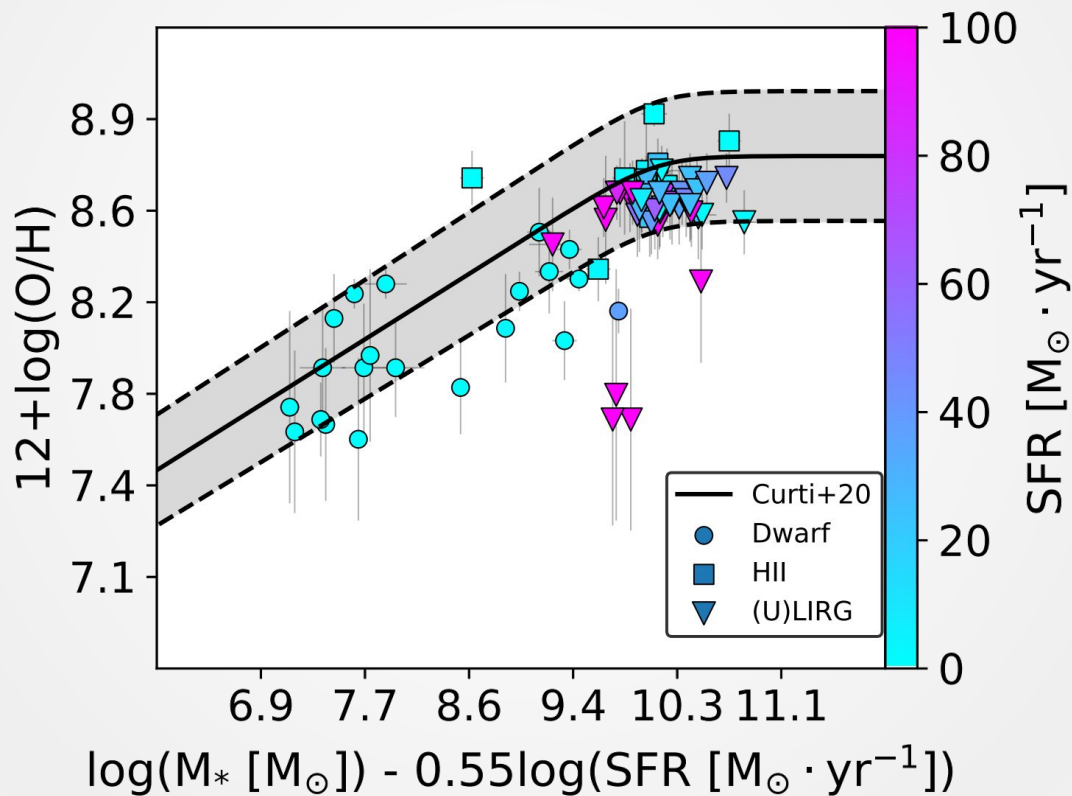


IR

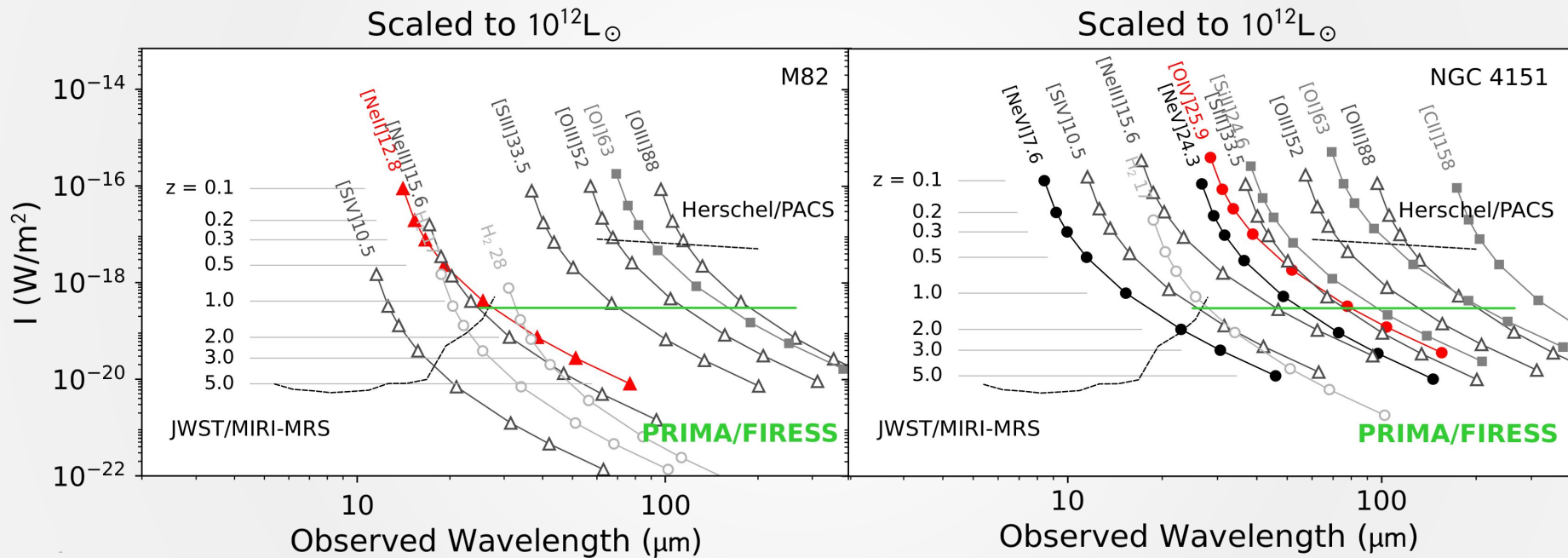


Pérez-Díaz+23
arXiv:2306.14843

Gas mixing in 'deep-diving' ULIRGs



Future IR spectroscopic observatories?



HCm-IR robust chemical **abundances** from nebular **IR lines**

Te effects, **obscuration**, **N/O**

JWST	+	PRIMA?	+	ALMA
local		cosmic noon		high-z

thanks!